

Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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Independent Auditors' Report

Based on a report originally issued in Korean

The Board of Directors and Shareholder Shinhan Investment Corp.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position of Shinhan Investment Corp. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the nine month period ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of Korea. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the nine month period ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013, in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards.

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the following:

The procedures and practices utilized in the Republic of Korea to audit such consolidated financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries. Accordingly, this report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are for use by those knowledgeable about Korean auditing standards and their application in practice.

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KPMG Samjong Accounting Corp. Seoul, Korea March 14, 2014 circumstances, which may occur between the audit report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the audit report should understand that the above audit report has not been updated to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013

In millions of won	Note		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Assets				
Cash and due from banks	4,24,25,29	₩	1,957,785	1,739,134
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5,24,25,29		12,715,774	11,695,158
Available-for-sale financial assets	6,24,25,29		1,658,455	1,338,815
Investments in associates	7		39,405	32,096
Loans	8,24,25,29		1,375,047	1,570,237
Property and equipment	9,29		118,467	122,698
Intangible assets	10		41,398	43,415
Investment properties Current tax assets	11		191,254	147,685
Other assets	12,24,25		16,353 983,787	8,130 1,280,220
Other assets	12,24,20	_	303,767	1,200,220
Total assets		₩ _	19,097,725	17,977,588
Liabilities				
Deposits	13,24,25	₩	789,779	959,630
Financial liabilities at fair value	14 24 25		7010.050	E 26E 002
through profit or loss	14,24,25		7,219,053	5,365,993
Borrowings	15,24,25		7,820,954	8,232,947
Provisions	16		3,520	9,189
Deferred tax liabilities	27		23,852	33,923
Current tax liabilities	17.01.05		-	2,392
Other liabilities	17,24,25	_	1,004,860	1,155,376
Total liabilities		_	16,862,018	15,759,450
Equity				
Capital stock	33		1,296,998	1,296,998
Capital surplus	33		15	15
Capital adjustments	33		(56)	184
Accumulated other comprehensive income	33		103,432	103,905
Retained earnings	33		835,318	817,036
Total equity		_	2,235,707	2,218,138
Total liabilities and equity		₩	19,097,725	17,977,588

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

In millions	of won
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	Note		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Operating revenue:				
Commission income	18	₩	199,614	266,782
Gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	24		1,430,716	1,305,243
Gain on available-for-sale financial assets	24		19,354	44,021
Interest income	19		377,742	475,280
Gain on valuation and sale of loans	24		15,076	2,538
Gain on foreign transactions	20		36,143	15,963
Others	22	<u>-</u>	4,740 2,083,385	4,956 2,114,783
Operating expense:				
Commission expense	18		36,506	46,529
Loss on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	24		1,505,826	1,356,921
Loss on available-for-sale financial assets	24		7,385	10,661
Interest expense	19		174,459	216,753
Loss on valuation and sale of loans	24		147	4,964
Loss on foreign transactions	20		29,384	16,155
Selling and administrative expenses	21		277,940	352,816
Others	22	_	7,311	14,773
		_	2,038,958	2,019,572
Operating income			44,427	95,211
Non-operating income	23		14,153	21,446
Non-operating expense	23		(21,095)	(9,058)
Profit before income taxes		_ _	37,485	107,599
Income tax expense	27		9,203	20,327
Profit for the period		=	28,282	87,272
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of income tax Items that are or may be reclassified	33	_		
subsequently to profit or loss				
Net change in unrealized fair value of available-for-sale financial assets			(10,469)	(2,352)
Loss on valuation of investments in associates Foreign currency translation adjustments for			(1,368)	(373)
foreign operations		_	11,364	(287)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of tax			(473)	(3,012)
Total comprehensive income for the period		₩ _	27,809	84,260

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

In millions of won

		Common	Capital	Capital	Accumulated other comprehensive	Retained	
		stock	surplus	adjustments	income	earnings	Total
Balance at April 1, 2012	₩	1,296,998	15	98	106,917	749,764	2,153,792
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	87,272	87,272
Other comprehensive loss,							
net of income tax							
Net change in unrealized fair							
value of available-for-sale		-	-	-	(2,352)	-	(2,352)
financial assets							
Share of the other							
comprehensive loss of		-	-	-	(373)	-	(373)
associates							
Foreign currency translation					(287)		(287)
differences		-	-	-	(207)	-	(207)
Transactions recorded directly							
in equity							
Dividends		-	-	-	-	(20,000)	(20,000)
Change in share-based payment			-	86			86
Balance at March 31, 2013	₩	1,296,998	15	184	103,905	817,036	2,218,138

					Accumulated		
					other		
		Common	Capital	Capital	comprehensive	Retained	
		stock	surplus	adjustments	income	earnings	Total
Balance at April 1, 2013	₩	1,296,998	15	184	103,905	817,036	2,218,138
Profit for the period		-	_	_	-	28,282	28,282
Other comprehensive income						-, -	-, -
(loss), net of income tax							
Net change in unrealized fair							
value of available-for-sale		_	_	_	(10,469)	_	(10,469)
financial assets							
Share of the other							
comprehensive loss of		_	_	-	(1,368)	-	(1,368)
associates							
Foreign currency translation					44.004		11 001
differences		-	-	-	11,364	-	11,364
Transactions recorded directly in							
equity							
Dividends		-	-	-	-	(10,000)	(10,000)
Change in share-based payment			_	(240)			(240)
Balance at December 31, 2013	₩.	1,296,998	15	(56)	103,432	835,318	2,235,707

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

In millions of won		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before income taxes	₩	37,485	107,599
Adjustment for:			
Interest income		(377,742)	(475,280)
Interest expense		174,459	216,753
Dividend income		(4,249)	(3,897)
Net gain on valuation of financial assets		(O 2EG)	(40.2GE)
at fair value through profit or loss		(8,256)	(40,365)
Net gain on sales of available-for-sale financial assets		(16,473)	(20,358)
Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets		4,503	9,145
Reversal of impairment on available-for-sale		-	(22,147)
Provision (reversal of) for loan loss		(6,385)	4,893
Net gain on sales of loans		(8,544)	(2,467)
Net gain on foreign exchanges translation		(4,585)	(389)
Depreciation		7,704	11,634
Amortization of intangible assets		6,957	13,085
Stock-based compensation expense(benefit)		936	(1,861)
Non-cash other operating expenses, net		8,115	13,686
Non-cash non-operating expenses, net		18,906	1,057
		(204,654)	(296,511)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Due from banks		(27,678)	563,726
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(1,030,676)	(3,938,448)
Loans		208,663	(484,344)
Collective fund for default loss		3,230	(998)
Other assets		278,535	91,520
Deposits		(165,999)	26,233
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		1,871,377	838,482
Provision		(8,637)	(23,318)
Other liabilities		(155,353)	83,503
		973,462	(2,843,644)
Income taxes paid		(14,819)	(42,841)
Interests received		397,628	473,558
Interests paid		(167,869)	(243,830)
Dividends received		5,171	3,309
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	₩	1,026,404	(2,842,360)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, Continued

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

In millions of won	_	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceed from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets Proceed from disposal of investments in associates Acquisition of investments in associates Proceed from disposal of property and equipment Acquisition of property and equipment Proceed from disposal of intangible assets Acquisition of intangible assets Proceed from disposal of investment property Acquisition of investment property Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	₩	3,142,948 (3,466,459) - (25,295) 2 (5,190) 1,015 (5,876) - (44,520) (403,375)	5,385,724 (5,116,451) 50 (938) 23,089 (7,599) 1,671 (9,001) 27,268 (38)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings Repayment of borrowings Dividends paid Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	- -	591,205 (1,006,627) (10,000) (425,422)	7,003,833 (4,308,404) (20,000) 2,675,429
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents held	-	(4,654)	(239)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	192,953	136,605
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	_	517,553	380,948
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	₩_	710,506	517,553

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

1. Reporting entity

General information of Shinhan Investment Corp. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries included in consolidation (collectively the "Group") are summarized as follows:

(a) Controlling company

Shinhan Investment Corp. was established on April 2, 1973 under the name of HyoSeong Securities Co., Ltd. to engage in proprietary trading, underwriting and brokerage services. The Company changed its name from Good Morning Shinhan Securities Co., Ltd. to Shinhan Investment Corp. on August 24, 2009. The Company is wholly owned by Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd. and operates through 93 branches and 6 sales offices as of December 31, 2013.

Since December 28, 2005, the Company has been in the trust business pursuant to the Korea Trust Business Law. Assets under trust management amounted to $\mbox{$W$}$ 10,868,403 million as of December 31, 2013 and the related fee income amounted to $\mbox{$W$}$ 6,422 million for the period ended December 31, 2013.

In accordance with Article 6 of 'Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act', the Group changed its fiscal year end from March 31 to December 31. In relation, the current fiscal year is nine months from April 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.

(b) Scope of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Ownership of Shinhan Investment Corp. and its major consolidated subsidiaries except special purpose entities as of December 31, 2013 are as follows:

Investor	Investee	Country	Closing date	Ownership (%)
Shinhan Investment Corp.	Shinhan Investment America Inc.	USA	March 31	100.0
"	Shinhan Investment Asia Ltd.	Hong Kong	March 31	100.0

(ii) Special purpose entities

As of December 31, 2013, consolidated special purpose entities are summarized as follows:

Parent company	SPE	Location	Reference
Shinhan Investment Corp.	Shinhan Maritime Private Equity Fund I	Rep. of Korea	PEF
Shinhan Maritime Private Equity Fund I	SS TRITON A S.A.	Panama	Ship lending SPC
н	SS TRITON B S.A.	n .	ıı .
Shinhan Investment Corp.	KAMCO Value Recreation 11th Securitization Specialty Co., Ltd.	Rep. of Korea	Securitization SPC
и	VALUE PLUS the 8th Co., Ltd.	n n	n .
и	" Busan Education Love BTL Co., Ltd.		n .
и	VALUE PLUS the 16th Co., Ltd.	n n	n .
н	VALUE PLUS the 17th Co., Ltd.	n .	ıı .
н	SHIC PLUS the 1st Co., Ltd.	"	ıı .
u.	MARS the 1st L.L.C.	u u	Real estate investment SPC

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

1. Reporting entity, Continued

(b) Scope of consolidation, continued

(ii) Special purpose entities, continued

Parent company	SPE	Location	Reference
Shinhan Investment Corp.	KDB Retail Investment Trust the 1st	Rep. of Korea	Real estate investment trust
и	Korea investment gong-pyeong office real estate investment trust 2nd	u	"
n .	VALUE PLUS the 21th Co., Ltd.	"	Securitization SPC
n .	VALUE PLUS the 22th Co., Ltd.	"	ıı .
ıı .	VALUE PLUS the 23th Co., Ltd.	n .	и
и	KDB Retail Investment Trust the 1st	u	Real estate investment trust Collective
u	Samsung Millennium Stock C503	u	investment business
"	Santaclause 98 Short-term Bond Fund 1	ıı .	ıı .
n .	G1 Santaclause 98 Short-term Bond Fund 1	"	II .
"	Samsunglife New Short Fund B301	ıı .	ıı .
"	Samsunglife New Short Fund A423	ıı .	ıı .
"	Samsung Jinpum Short Fund C501	ıı .	ıı .
u .	Samsung Jinpum Short Fund C503	ıı .	ıı .
u .	Santaclause Long-term Bond Fund 4	ıı .	ıı .
u .	Santaclause Long-term Bond Fund 5	ıı .	ıı .
u .	Santaclause New Long-term Bond Fund 1	ıı .	ıı .
u .	Neo Short-term Bond #22	ıı .	ıı .
u .	Hanbaguni E-2	ıı .	ıı .
u .	Kyobo Tomorrow SGIC-1	ıı .	II .
"	KDB Private SH-1	ıı .	ıı .
n .	Specific Money Trust	н	Trust

(c) Changes in subsidiaries

The list of subsidiaries that were newly acquired or excluded from consolidation for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	December 31, 2013	
Company	Reason	Invest company
Newly acquired subsidiaries		
VALUE PLUS the 16th Co., Ltd.	Commercial Paper purchase commitments	Shinhan Investment Corp.
VALUE PLUS the 17th Co., Ltd.	Commercial Paper purchase commitments	Shinhan Investment Corp.
VALUE PLUS the 21th Co., Ltd.	Commercial Paper purchase commitments	Shinhan Investment Corp.
VALUE PLUS the 22th Co., Ltd.	Commercial Paper purchase commitments	Shinhan Investment Corp.
VALUE PLUS the 23th Co., Ltd.	Commercial Paper purchase commitments	Shinhan Investment Corp.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

1. Reporting entity, Continued

(c) Changes in subsidiaries, Continued

Company	Reason	Invest company		
Newly acquired subsidiaries				
SHIC PLUS the 1st Co., Ltd.	Commercial Paper purchase commitments	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
MARS the 1st L.L.C.	Asset management	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
KDB Retail Investment Trust the 1st	100% equity	MARS the 1st L.L.C.		
Korea investment gong- pyeong office real estate investment trust 2nd	64% equity	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
Excluded subsidiaries				
Goodmorning Long-term Gold 3-1 Bond Fund	Liquidating	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
Goodmorning Long-term Gold 3-2 Bond Fund	Liquidating	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
Pine Avenue L.L.C.	Liquidating	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
March 31, 2013				
Company	Reason	Invest company		
Newly acquired subsidiaries				
VALUE PLUS the 8th Co., Ltd.	Commercial Paper purchase commitments	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
Busan Education Love BTL Co., Ltd.	Commercial Paper purchase commitments	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
Pine Avenue L.L.C.	Subordinated bonds	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
KDB Private SH-1	100% equity	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
Specific Money Trust	100% equity	Shinhan Investment Corp.		
Excluded subsidiaries				
Shinhan Investment Europe Ltd.	Liquidating	Shinhan Investment Corp.		

December 31, 2013

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

1. Reporting entity, Continued

(d) Summary of financial information of subsidiaries

(i) Condensed financial positions of the Company and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

(In millions of won)	December 31, 2013			March 31, 2013			
Entity	Total assets	Total liabilities	Total equity (deficit)	Total assets	Total liabilities	Total equity (deficit)	
Shinhan Investment Corp. W	18,658,288	16,429,387	2,228,901	17,352,580	15,132,269	2,220,311	
Shinhan Investment America Inc.	2,821	107	2,714	3,134	65	3,069	
Shinhan Investment Asia Ltd.	2,048	100	1,948	1,883	167	1,716	
Shinhan Maritime PEF I (*)	244,246	156,588	87,658	238,906	165,474	73,432	
KAMCO Value Recreation 11th Securitization Specialty Co., Ltd.	22,317	34,378	(12,061)	25,663	32,202	(6,539)	
VALUE PLUS the 8th Co., Ltd.	13	9	4	22,035	22,034	1	
Busan Education Love BTL Co., Ltd.	43,611	43,580	31	45,962	46,200	(238)	
Pine Avenue L.L.C.	-	-	-	344,075	343,935	140	
Korea investment gong-pyeong							
office real estate investment	55,984	21	55,963	-	-	-	
trust 2nd							
VALUE PLUS the 16th Co., Ltd.	28,612	28,805	(193)	-	-	-	
VALUE PLUS the 17th Co., Ltd.	28,398	28,670	(272)	-	-	-	
SHIC PLUS the 1st Co., Ltd.	20,644	20,500	144	-	-	-	
MARS the 1st LLC(*)	44,645	46,191	(1,546)	-	-	-	
VALUE PLUS the 21th Co., Ltd.	43,116	43,514	(398)	-	-	-	
VALUE PLUS the 22th Co., Ltd.	20,308	20,388	(80)	-	-	-	
VALUE PLUS the 23th Co., Ltd.	30,327	30,321	6	-	-	-	
Beneficiary certificate	3,210	3,952	(742)	4,375	5,030	(655)	
Specific Money Trust	200,833	-	200,833	336,146		336,146	

^(*) Consolidated financial statement

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

1. Reporting entity, Continued

(d) Summary of financial information of subsidiaries, continued

(ii) Condensed comprehensive income statement of the Company and its subsidiaries for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

(In millions of won)	De	December 31, 2013			March 31, 2013		
Entity	Operating revenues	Net income (loss)	Total comprehensive income	Operating revenues	Net income (loss)	Total comprehensive income	
Shinhan Investment Corp. \to \text{\text{\$\psi}}	2,050,881	29,329	18,830	2,108,418	87,991	85,560	
Shinhan Investment America Inc.	904	(206)	(206)	612	(876)	(876)	
Shinhan Investment Asia Ltd.	1,466	330	330	681	(782)	(782)	
Shinhan Maritime PEF I (*)	17,525	12,833	12,833	10,510	4,592	4,592	
KAMCO Value Recreation 11th							
Securitization Specialty Co.,	524	(5,535)	(5,535)	-	(1,923)	(1,923)	
Ltd.							
VALUE PLUS the 8th Co., Ltd.	553	3	3	1,174	-	-	
Busan Education Love BTL Co.,	1,722	269	269	485	(239)	(239)	
Ltd.	.,	200	200	.00	(2007	(200)	
Pine Avenue L.L.C.	-	-	-	1,916	135	135	
Korea investment gong-pyeong							
office real estate investment	11	(37)	(37)	-	-	-	
trust 2nd							
VALUE PLUS the 16th Co., Ltd.	916	(194)	(194)	-	-	-	
VALUE PLUS the 17th Co., Ltd.	902	(273)	(273)	-	-	-	
SHIC PLUS the 1st Co., Ltd.	471	143	143	-	-	-	
MARS the 1st LLC(*)	1,189	(965)	(965)	-	-	-	
VALUE PLUS the 21th Co., Ltd.	187	(399)	(399)	-	-	-	
VALUE PLUS the 22th Co., Ltd.	67	(81)	(81)	-	-	-	
VALUE PLUS the 23th Co., Ltd.	26	5	5	-	-	-	
Beneficiary certificate	57	22	22	37	(61)	(24)	
Specific Money Trust	196	196	196	1,146	1,146	1,146	

^(*) Consolidated financial statement

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

2. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards ("K-IFRS"), as prescribed in the Act on External Audits of Corporations in the Republic of Korea.

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

- derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value
- financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value
- available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value
- liabilities for cash-settled share-based payment arrangements are measured at fair value

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Korean won which is the Group's functional currency and the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates. The subsidiaries whose functional currencies are different from the Company's are as follows.

Subsidiaries	Functional Currency		
Shinhan Investment America Inc.	USD		
Shinhan Investment Asia Ltd.	HKD		
SS TRITON A S.A.	USD		
SS TRITON B S.A.	USD		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

2. Basis of preparation, Continued

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the application of certain critical estimates and judgments relative to the future. Management's estimated outcomes may differ from actual outcomes. The change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively in profit or loss in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

(i) Income taxes

Within the normal business process, there are various types of transactions and different accounting methods that may add uncertainties to the decision of the final income taxes. The Group has recognized current and deferred tax that reflect tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the entity expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. However, actual income taxes in the future may not be identical to the recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities, and this difference can affect current and deferred tax at the period when the final tax effect is conformed.

(ii) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair values of financial instruments which are not actively traded in the market are determined by using valuation techniques. The Group determines valuation methods and assumptions based on significant market conditions at the end of each reporting period. Diverse valuation techniques are used to determine the fair value of financial instruments, from general market accepted valuation models to internally developed valuation models that incorporate various types of assumptions and variables.

(iii) Allowances for loss

The Group determines and recognizes allowances for losses on loans through impairment testing. The accuracy of provisions for credit losses is determined by the methodology and assumptions used for estimating expected cash flows of the borrower for allowances on individual loans and collectively assessing allowances for groups of loans.

(iv) Provisions

The Group recognizes a provision considering inevitable risks and an uncertainty under the given circumstance of the event. At the end of each reporting period, the remaining provision balance is reviewed and assessed to determine if the current best estimate is being recognized.

(v) Impairment on available-for-sale equity instruments

When there is a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its original cost, there is objective evidence that available-for-sale equity investments are impaired. Accordingly, the Group considers the decline in the fair value of more than 30% against the original cost as "significant decline" and the status when the market price for marketable equity less than the carrying amounts of instruments for a six consecutive months as a "prolonged decline".

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

2. Basis of preparation, Continued

(e) Approval of the consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors on February 10, 2014, which will be submitted for approval to the shareholder's meeting to be held on March 24, 2014.

3. Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies applied by the Group in preparation of its consolidated financial statements are included below. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements except for the changes in accounting policies as explained in Note 3 (a).

(a) Changes in accounting policies

(i) Amendments to K-IFRS No. 1001, 'Presentation of Financial Statements'

The Group has applied the amendments to K-IFRS No. 1001, 'Presentation of Financial Statements' since April 1, 2013. The amendments require presenting in other comprehensive income on the basis of whether they are potentially reclassifiable to profit or loss subsequently (reclassification adjustments). Comparative information has been re-presented on the same basis.

(ii) Enactment to K-IFRS No. 1110, 'Consolidated Financial Statements'

The Group adopted K-IFRS No. 1110, 'Consolidated Financial Statements' since April 1, 2013. The standard defines the principle of control and establishes control as the basis for determining which entities are consolidated in the consolidated financial statements. A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by another entity. An investor controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The Group re-assessed the control conclusion for its investees as of April 1, 2013. As a consequence, there has been no impact on consolidated financial statements of the Group.

(iii) Enactment to K-IFRS No. 1112, 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities'

The Group adopted K-IFRS No. 1112, 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' since April 1, 2013. The standard brings together into a single standard all the disclosure requirements about an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities. The Group is currently assessing the disclosure requirements for interests in subsidiaries, interests in joint arrangements and associates and unconsolidated structured entities in comparison with the existing disclosures. The standard requires the disclosure of information about the nature, risks and financial effects of these interests.

(iv) Enactment to K-IFRS No. 1113, 'Fair Value Measurement'

The Group adopted K-IFRS No. 1113, 'Fair Value Measurement' since April 1, 2013. The standard defines fair value and a single framework for fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(b) Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the other entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to its financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Structured entity

The Group establishes or invests in various structured entities. A structured entity is an entity designed so that its activities are not governed by way of voting rights. When assessing control of a structured entity, the Group considers factors such as the purpose and the design of the investee; its practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee; the nature of its relationship with the investee; and the size of its exposure to the variability of returns of the investee. The Group does not recognize any non-controlling interests in the consolidated statements of financial position since the Group's interests in these entities are recognized as liabilities of the Group.

(iii) Intra-group transactions

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Intra-group losses are recognized as expense if intra-group losses indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements.

(iv) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are accounted for separately from the parent's ownership interests in a subsidiary. Each component of net profit or loss and other comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and non-controlling interest holders, even when the allocation reduces the non-controlling interest balance below zero.

(v) Changes in the Parent Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary.

Changes in the Parent Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Adjustments to non-controlling interests are based on a proportionate amount of the net assets of the subsidiary. No adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. The difference between the consideration and the adjustments made to non-controlling interest is recognized directly in equity attributable to the owners of the Parent Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(c) Associates and jointly controlled entities (collectively "associates")

An associate is those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is presumed to exist when the Group holds between 20 and 50 percent of the voting power of another entity.

Joint ventures are those entities over whose activities the Group has joint control, established by contractual agreement, and require unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions.

The investment in associates and jointly controlled entities is accounted for using the equity method and is initially recognized at cost. The Group's investment includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment losses. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the income and expenses and equity movements of associates, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence or joint control commences until the date that significant influence or joint control ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount of that interest, including any long-term investments, is reduced to nil, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has to make payments on behalf of the investee.

(d) Foreign currency

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the Group at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated to the functional currency using the reporting date's exchange rate. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined, while those measured at historical cost are retranslated at the exchange rate at the date of transaction.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss. On the other hand, foreign currency difference arising on retranslation of non-monetary items is recognized in other comprehensive profit or loss / profit and loss, if profit and loss arising on the asset is recognized in other comprehensive profit and loss / profit and loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(d) Foreign currency, Continued

(ii) Foreign operations

If the presentation currency of the Group is different from a foreign operation's functional currency, the financial statements of the foreign operation are translated into the presentation currency using the following methods:

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to won at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations, excluding foreign operations in hyperinflationary economies, are translated to won at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When a foreign operation is disposed of, the relevant amount in the translation is transferred to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal. On the partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the relevant proportion of such cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interest. In any other partial disposal of a foreign operation, the relevant proportion is reclassified to profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains or losses arising from a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation, the settlement of which is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future and which in substance is considered to form part of the net investment in the foreign operation, are recognized in other comprehensive income in the translation reserve.

(iii) Net investment in a foreign operation

If the settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely in the foreseeable future, then foreign currency differences arising on the item form part of the net investment in the foreign operation and are recognized in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with insignificant risk of changes in their fair value. Equity investments are excluded from cash equivalents unless they are, in substance, cash equivalents, for example in the case of preferred shares acquired within a short period of their maturity and with a specified redemption date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(f) Non-derivative financial assets

The Group recognizes and measures non-derivative financial assets by the following four categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. The Group recognizes financial assets in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Upon initial recognition, non-derivative financial assets are measured at their fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the asset's acquisition or issuance.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (the "Financial assets at FVTPL")

A financial asset is classified at fair value through profit or loss if it is held for trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Upon initial recognition, transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity investments

A non-derivative financial asset with a fixed or determinable payment and fixed maturity, for which the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity, are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for loans and receivables for which the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments or loans and receivables. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value, net of any tax effect, recorded in other comprehensive income in equity. Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are measured at cost.

When a financial asset is derecognized or impairment losses are recognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(f) Non-derivative financial assets, continued

Available-for-sale financial assets, continued

The Group has designated some of its debt securities as available-for-sale financial assets. As of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, the amounts designated as available-for-sale financial assets were ± 0.00 million and ± 0.00 million, respectively.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows of the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognized as a consolidated asset or liability.

If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred financial assets, the Group continues to recognize the transferred financial assets and recognizes financial liabilities for the consideration received.

Offsetting between financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the consolidated statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legal enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(g) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are either recognized in profit or loss or, when the derivatives are designated in a hedging relationship and the hedge is determined to be an effective hedge, other comprehensive income.

Separable embedded derivatives

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately only if the following criteria have been met: (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to those of the host contract; (b) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and (c) the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Changes in the fair value of separable embedded derivatives are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Other non-trading derivatives

When a derivative financial instrument is not held for trading, and is not designated in a qualifying hedge relationship, all changes in its fair value are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The Group does not hold any derivatives designated as hedging derivatives as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(h) Impairment of financial assets

A financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably. However, losses expected as a result of future events, regardless of likelihood, are not recognized.

Objective evidence that financial assets (including equity securities) are impaired can include default or delinquency by a debtor, restructuring of an amount due to the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise, indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy, or the disappearance of an active market for a security.

In addition, for an investment in an equity security, a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost is objective evidence of impairment.

If financial assets have objective evidence that they are impaired, impairment losses should be measured and recognized.

Loans

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for loans that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(h) Impairment of financial assets, continued

Loans, continued

If the interest rate of loans is a floating rate, the discount rate used to evaluate impairment is the current effective interest rate defined in the agreement. The present value of estimated future cash flows of secured financial assets is calculated by including cash flows from collateral after deducting costs to acquire and sell the collateral, regardless of probability of realization of such collateral.

In assessing collective impairment, the Group rates and classifies financial assets, based on credit risk assessment or a credit rating assessment process that takes into account asset type, industry, regional location, collateral type, delinquency and other relative factors.

Future cash flows of financial assets applicable to collective impairment assessment are estimated by using statistical modeling of historical trends of the probability of default, timing of recoveries and the amount of losses incurred, adjusted for management's judgment as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the impairment losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical modeling. In adjusting the future cash flows by historical modeling, the result has to be in line with changes and trends of observable data (e.g., impairment losses of collective assets and unemployment rates, asset prices, commodity prices, payment status and other variables representing the size of impairment losses). Methodologies and assumptions used to estimate future cash flow are reviewed on a regular basis in order to reduce discrepancy between estimated impairment losses and actual loss.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against loans. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment losses to decrease, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment is recognized, the decrease in impairment losses is reversed through profit or loss of the period.

Financial assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has occurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, or on a derivative asset that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of such an unquoted equity instrument, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses shall not be reversed.

Available-for-sale financial assets

When a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognized in other comprehensive income and there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, the cumulative loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income shall be reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment even though the financial asset has not been derecognized. Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss for an investment in an equity instrument classified as available-for-sale shall not be reversed through profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available-for-sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in profit or loss, the impairment loss shall be reversed, with the amount of the reversal recognized in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(i) Property and equipment

Property and equipment initially measured at cost and after initial recognition, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of property and equipment includes expenditures arising directly from the construction or acquisition of the asset, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management and the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent to initial recognition, an item of property and equipment shall be carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Property and equipment, except for land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives that appropriately reflect the pattern in which the asset's future economic benefits are expected to be consumed. A component that is significant compared to the total cost of property and equipment is depreciated over its separate useful life.

The estimated useful lives of the Group's assets are as follows:

Descriptions	Useful lives		
Buildings	40~60 years		
Vehicles	4 years		
Furniture and fixtures	4 years		
Other tangible assets	15 years		

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate. The change is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

(j) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured initially at cost and after initial recognition are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortization of intangible assets is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets from the date that they are available for use. The residual value of intangible assets is zero. However, as there are no foreseeable limits to the periods over which memberships and Settlement system right of use are expected to be available for use, these intangible assets are determined as having indefinite useful lives and not amortized.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(j) Intangible assets, continued

Descriptions	Useful lives		
Computer software	4 years		
Other	5 years		
Memberships	Indefinite useful lives		
Settlement system right of use	Indefinite useful lives		

Amortization periods and the amortization methods for intangible assets with finite useful lives are reviewed at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives of intangible assets that are not being amortized are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support indefinite useful life assessments for those assets. Changes are accounted for as changes in accounting estimates.

(k) Investment property

Property held for the purpose of earning rentals or benefiting from capital appreciation is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, investment property is carried at depreciated cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

The estimated useful lives and depreciation methods of the Group's assets in the current period and prior period are as follows.

Description	Useful life	Depreciation method
Buildings	40~60 years	Straight-line method

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(I) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than arising from employee benefits, deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, are tested for impairment annually by comparing their recoverable amount to their carrying amount.

The Group estimates the recoverable amount of an individual asset. If it is impossible to measure the individual recoverable amount of an asset, then the Group estimates the recoverable amount of each cash-generating unit ("CGU"). A CGU is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. The value in use is estimated by applying a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU for which estimated future cash flows have not been adjusted, to the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

(m) Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Group classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of financial liabilities. The Group recognizes financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial liability.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (the "Financial liabilities at FVTPL")

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading or designated as such upon initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Other financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities other than financial liabilities at fair value through profit of loss are classified as other financial liabilities. At the date of initial recognition, other financial liabilities are measured at fair value minus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The Group derecognizes a financial liability from the consolidated statement of financial position when it is extinguished (i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(n) Equity capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of ordinary shares and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

A preference share that do not provide for redemption or at the option of the issuer and when distributions to holders of a preference shares are at the discretion of the issuer, is classified as equity. Dividends are recognized when approved by a general meeting of shareholders. Preference share capital is classified as a liability if it is redeemable on a specific date or at the option of the shareholders, or if dividend payments are not discretionary. Dividends thereon are recognized as interest expense in profit or loss as accrued.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. When an employee has rendered service to the Group during an accounting period, the Group recognizes the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefits

Other long-term employee benefits include employee benefits that are settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service, and are calculated at the present value of the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, less the fair value of any related assets. The present value is determined by discounting the expected future cash flows using the interest rate of corporate bonds that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligations and that are denominated in the same currency in which the benefits are expected to be paid. Any actuarial gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(iii) Retirement benefits: defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognized as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available. Contributions to a defined contribution plan that is due more than 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the service are discounted to their present value.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(o) Employee benefits, continued

(iv) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognized as an expense when the Group is committed demonstrably, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognized as an expense if the Group has made an offer of voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably. If benefits are payable more than 12 months after the reporting period, then they are discounted to their present value.

(p) Share-based payment transactions

The Group has granted shares or share options to its employees and other parties. For equity-settled share-based payment transactions, the Group measures the goods or services received, and the corresponding increase in equity as a capital adjustment at the fair value of the goods or services received, unless that fair value cannot be estimated reliably. If the Group cannot reliably estimate the fair value of the goods or services received, the Group measures their value, and the corresponding increase in equity, indirectly, by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted. If the fair value of the equity instruments cannot be estimated reliably at the measurement date, the Group measures them at their intrinsic value and recognizes the goods or services received based on the number of equity instruments that ultimately vest.

For cash-settled share-based payment transactions, the Group measures the goods or services acquired and the liability incurred at the fair value of the liability. Until the liability is settled, the Group remeasures the fair value of the liability at each reporting date and at the date of settlement, with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss for the period.

(q) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The risks and uncertainties that inevitably surround many events and circumstances are taken into account in reaching the best estimate of a provision. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined at the present value of the expected future cash flows.

Where some or all of the expenditures required to settle a provision are expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement shall be recognized when, and only when, it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the entity settles the obligation. The reimbursement shall be treated as a separate asset.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(r) Financial income and financial expense

(i) Interest

Interest income and expense are recognized in profit or loss using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or liability (or, where appropriate, a shorter period) to the carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not future credit losses.

The calculation of the effective interest rate includes all fees and points paid or received that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Transaction costs include incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of a financial asset or liability.

(ii) Fees and commission

Fees and commission income and expense that are integral to the effective interest rate on a financial asset or liability are included in the measurement of the effective interest rate.

Other fees and commission income, including underwriting commissions, management fees on wrap accounts and asset management are recognized as the related services are performed.

Other fees and commission expense relate mainly to transaction and service fees, which are expensed as the services are received.

(iii) Dividends

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive income is established.

(s) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous periods.

Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd., the parent company, files its national income tax return with the Korean tax authorities under the consolidated corporate tax system, which allows it to make national income tax payments based on the consolidated profits or losses of the Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd. and its wholly owned domestic subsidiaries including the Group. Deferred taxes are measured based on the future tax benefits expected to be realized in consideration of the expected profits or losses of eligible companies in accordance with the consolidated corporate tax system. Consolidated corporate tax amounts, once determined, are allocated to each of the subsidiaries and are used as a basis for the income taxes to be recorded in their separate financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(s) Income taxes, continued

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

The Group recognizes a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures, except to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. The Group recognizes a deferred tax asset for all deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates, to the extent that it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of that deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to offset the related current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority and they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis.

(t) Leases

The Group classifies and accounts for leases as either a finance or operating lease, depending on the terms. Leases where the Group assumes substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

(i) Finance leases

At the commencement of the lease term, the Group recognizes as finance assets and finance liabilities in its consolidated statements of financial position, the lower amount of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease. Any initial direct costs are added to the amount recognized as an asset.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(t) Leases, Continued

(i) Finance leases, continued

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent rents are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

The depreciable amount of a leased asset is allocated to each accounting period during the period of expected use on a systematic basis consistent with the depreciation policy the lessee adopts for depreciable assets that are owned. If there is no reasonable certainty that the lessee will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life. The Group reviews to determine whether the leased asset may be impaired.

(ii) Operating leases

Leases where the lessor retains a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

(u) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the Group's CEO to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the CEO include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. The Group has five reportable segments which consist of retail, wholesale, investment bank (IB), trading, and others, as described in note 26.

(v) Reclassification of accounts

The Group has reclassified certain prior period accounts to confirm with the classification in the current period. There is no effect on reported net assets or net income of the prior period due to the reclassification.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

3. Significant accounting policies, Continued

(w) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

The following new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group for annual periods beginning after April 1, 2013, and the Group has not early adopted them.

(i) Amendments to K-IFRS No. 1032, 'Financial Instruments: Presentation'

The amendments clarified the application guidance related to 'offsetting a financial asset and a financial liability'. The amendment is mandatorily effective for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014. The amendments are not expected to have a material effect on the Group's financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

4. Cash and due from banks

(a) Details of cash and due from banks as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were summarized as follows:

		_	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Cash and cash equivalents	Cash on hand	₩	99	96
3 4 4 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	Current deposits		2,420	2,518
	Demand deposits		35,935	18,387
	Time deposits		570,000	445,000
	Others		60,000	-
	Foreign currency deposits		42,052	51,552
		_	710,506	517,553
Due from banks in won	Time deposits		954,696	871,467
	Reserve for claims of customers' deposits		46,200	4,600
	Subscription deposits		300	69
	Guarantee deposits for stock borrowing for KSFC Guarantee deposits for KSFC trading		625	1,834
			2,450	-
	Others	_	122,981	123,162
		_	1,127,252	1,001,132
Due from banks in foreign currency	Reserve for claims of customers' deposits		108,361	210,114
	Others	_	11,666	10,335
		_	120,027	220,449
		₩	1,957,785	1,739,134

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

4. Cash and due from banks, Continued

(b) Restricted due from banks as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Placed at	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013	Restriction
Time deposits	Jeonbuk Bank and wothers	/ 915	1,098	collateral for the sales of beneficiary certificates
	Shinhan Bank and others	67,000	67,000	collateral for a bank overdraft facility
	Shinhan Bank	5,000	5,000	collateral for the small amount of payment
	Kookmin Bank and others	50,000	50,000	collateral for the issue of ELS (Equity Linked Securities)
Reserve for claims on customers' deposits	Korean Securities Finance Corporation	154,561	214,714	(*1)
Reserve for claims on customers' deposits (trust)	Korean Securities Finance Corporation	1,209,975	1,224,086	(*1),(*2)
Subscription Deposits	MAREX Financial Limited and others	300	69	deposits for public subscription
Guarantee deposits for stock borrowing for KSFC	Korean Securities Finance Corporation	625	1,834	guarantee deposits for stock borrowing for KSFC
Guarantee deposits for KSFC trading	Korean Securities Finance Corporation	2,450	-	guarantee deposits for KSFC trading
Other deposits in won	Shinhan Bank and others	67	64	deposit for checking accounts
Other deposits in foreign currency	MAREX Financial Limited and others	11,393	8,876	collateral for trading the foreign futures
	Korea Exchange	245	1,430	collateral for trading the domestic futures
	Hong Kong Exchange and Clearing Limited	27	29	collateral for trading securities
	₩	1,502,558	1,574,200	
(*1) Pursuant to the Red	gulation on Financial Inv	estment Busin	ess, the Gro	up is required to deposit certain

^(*1) Pursuant to the Regulation on Financial Investment Business, the Group is required to deposit certain portions of customers' deposits with the Korean Securities Finance Corporation ("KSFC") or banks to ensure repayment of customer deposits.

(*2) Reserve for claims on customers' deposits (trust) is recognized in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

5. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

(a) Details of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were summarized as follows:

	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Trading financial assets ₩	9,399,511	8,629,879
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	3,088,936	2,798,644
Derivative assets	227,327	266,635
₩ ·	12,715,774	11,695,158

(b) Details of trading financial assets as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were summarized as follows:

	-	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Trading financial assets in won			
Government bonds	₩	534,086	2,588,887
Local bonds		43,714	50,390
Financial bonds		4,326,752	3,728,449
Corporate bonds		3,314,150	1,463,343
Commercial papers		249,962	=
Stocks		340,651	136,479
Collective investment securities		111,367	141,126
Others	_	226,300	380,408
	-	9,146,982	8,489,082
Trading financial assets in foreign currency			
Bonds		199,159	137,521
Stocks		32,372	524
Others	_	20,998	2,752
	-	252,529	140,797
	₩	9,399,511	8,629,879

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

5. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, Continued

(c) Details of financial assets designed at fair value through profit or loss as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were summarized as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Hybrid instruments Derivatives-combined securities	₩	703,609	542,368
Management and performance evaluation on a fair value basis			
Reserve for claims of customers' deposit (trust)		1,209,975	1,224,086
Bonds		1,059,461	980,492
Stocks		115,891	51,698
		2,385,327	2,256,276
	₩	3,088,936	2,798,644

(d) Details of derivative assets as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were summarized as follows:

	-	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Derivatives in won Over the counter:			
Interest rate	₩	53,191	51,579
Equity		140,493	168,610
Credit		1,480	1,304
Others		6,239	9,418
	-	201,403	230,911
Exchange traded:			
Equity options	-	1,331	19,119
		202,734	250,030
Derivatives in foreign currency Over the counter:			
Currency		18,930	3,109
Others		3,223	7,586
	- -	22,153	10,695
Exchange traded:			
Interest futures		214	-
Equity futures		79	-
Commodity futures		2,147	5,910
	·	2,440	5,910
		24,593	16,605
	₩	227,327	266,635

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

6. Available-for-sale financial assets

Details of available-for-sale financial assets as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were summarized as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Debt securities			
Government bonds	₩	2,008	178,135
Financial bonds		487,005	216,832
Corporate bonds		871,242	763,530
Bonds with warrants		62,072	920
Corporate commercial paper		41,034	4,103
		1,463,361	1,163,520
Equity securities			
Stocks(*)		147,114	150,723
Investments in partnerships(*)		29,592	10,450
Collective investment securities		4,277	3,451
Securities in foreign currency(*)		5,895	1,198
		186,878	165,822
Collective fund for default loss		8,216	9,473
	₩	1,658,455	1,338,815

^(*) Equity securities with no quoted market prices in active markets and for which the fair value cannot be measured reliably are recorded at cost amounting \(\psi_1,262\) million and \(\psi_2,302\) million as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

7. Investments in associate

(a) Details of investments in associates as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

			December 31, 2013				March 31, 2013
	Location	Business	Ownership(%))	Acquisition cost	Book value	Book value
The Asia Pacific Capital Fund II L.P	Cayman islands	Collective investment business	21.90%	₩	25,125	19,900	31,269
KoFC Shinhan Frontier Champ 2010-4 PEF(*)	Rep. of Korea	Collective investment business	8.50%		4,526	4,695	827
Innopolis-CJ Bio Healthcare Fund	Rep. of Korea	Collective investment business	25.00%		4,000	3,969	-
Truston Falcon Asia US Feeder Fund	Cayman islands	Collective investment business	31.60%		10,032	10,841	
				₩	43,683	39,405	32,096

^(*) As a general partner, the Group has significant influence over the investee.

(b) Changes in investments in associates for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013							
	_	Beginning balance	Acquisition	Equity method income (loss)	Other comprehensive loss	Ending balance			
The Asia Pacific Capital Fund II L.P(*) KoFC Shinhan Frontier Champ	₩	31,269	7,618	(17,284)	(1,703)	19,900			
2010-4 PEF		827	3,645	223	-	4,695			
Innopolis-CJ Bio Healthcare Fund		-	4,000	(31)	-	3,969			
Truston Falcon Asia US Feeder Fund		-	10,032	911	(102)	10,841			
	₩	32,096	25,295	(16,181)	(1,805)	39,405			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

7. Investments in associate, Continued

		March 31, 2013						
		Beginning balance	Acquisition (disposal)	Equity method loss	Impairment	Other comprehensive loss	Others	Ending balance
The Asia Pacific Capital Fund II L.P(*)	₩	32,147	-	(386)	-	(492)	-	31,269
KoFC Shinhan Frontier Champ 2010-4 PEF	l	-	938	(53)	(58)	-	-	827
Special Short Term 8		59	(50)	-	-	-	(9)	-
Special Middle Term 2		156	-	-	-	-	(156)	-
	₩	32,362	888	(439)	(58)	(492)	(165)	32,096

^(*) The Group accounted for its investment by using the equity method of accounting based on financial statements of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

(c) Condensed financial information of major associate as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 and for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

			nber 31,)13	March	31, 2013 December 31, 2013		,	March 31, 2013	
		Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Operating revenue	Net income (loss)	Operating revenue	Net loss
The Asia Pacific Capital Fund II L.P KoFC Shinhan	•	91,163	86	151,563	8,456	-	(79,103)	-	(1,769)
Frontier Champ 2010-4 PEF		55,474	218	12,554	2,816	2,644	3,272	54	(412)
Innopolis-CJ Bio Healthcare Fund		15,879	2	-	-	15	(123)	-	-
Truston Falcon Asia US Feeder Fund	_	35,209	880		-	3,977	2,887		_
	₩	197,725	1,186	164,117	11,272	6,636	(73,067)	54	(2,181)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

8. Loans

(a) Details of loans as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Broker's loans	₩	751,089	735,509
Loans purchased		251,031	501,787
Loans for housing		13,846	14,959
Call loan		412	180
advances for customoers		12,850	11,049
Bonds purchased under repurchase agreements		121,350	121,350
Private placement bonds		5,013	5,282
Other loans		262,303	287,082
		1,417,894	1,677,198
Allowance for credit loss		(40,760)	(104,488)
Present value discount		(1,664)	(1,635)
Deferred loan origination costs		(423)	(838)
	₩	1,375,047	1,570,237

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

8. Loans, Continued

(b) Changes in the allowance for credit loss for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013				
		Loans	Other assets	Total		
Beginning balance	₩	104,488	11,819	116,307		
Provision for (reversal of) allowance		(6,385)	6,055	(330)		
Write-offs		(161)	(861)	(1,022)		
Sale of loans		(57,182)	(10,572)	(67,754)		
Ending balance	₩	40,760	6,441	47,201		
	'					
			March 31, 2013			
		Loans	Other assets	Total		
Beginning balance	₩	104,520	15,890	120,410		
Provision for allowance		4,893	6,867	11,760		
Sale of loans		(4,424)	(11,439)	(15,863)		
Reclassification		(501)	501	-		
Ending balance	₩	104,488	11,819	116,307		

(c) Changes in deferred loan origination fees for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Beginning balance	₩	838	694
Loan originations		358	1,300
Amortization	_	(773)	(1,156)
Ending balance	₩	423	838

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

9. Property and equipment

(a) Details of property and equipment as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_		December 31, 2013	
			Accumulated	
	-	Acquisition cost	depreciation	Book value
Land	₩	54,505	_	54,505
Buildings		55,569	(8,721)	46,848
Others		94,796	(77,682)	17,114
	₩	204,870	(86,403)	118,467
	_			
	_		March 31, 2013	
			Accumulated	
	<u>-</u>	Acquisition cost	depreciation	Book value
Land	₩	55,468	_	55,468
Buildings		56,346	(7,231)	49,115
Others		95,335	(77,220)	18,115
	₩	207,149	(84,451)	122,698

(b) Changes in property and equipment for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013				
		Land	Buildings	Others	Total	
Beginning balance Acquisition Disposal Depreciation	₩	55,468 5 - -	49,115 159 - (1,625)	18,115 5,163 (85) (6,079)	122,698 5,327 (85) (7,704)	
Transferred from investment property		(968)	(801)	-	(1,769)	
invocatione property	₩	54,505	46,848	17,114	118,467	
			March 31,	2013		
		<u>Land</u> _	Buildings	Others	Total	
Beginning balance Acquisition	₩	64,180	49,791 -	20,126 8,261	134,097 8,261	
Disposal		(16,141)	(5,021)	(667)	(21,829)	
Depreciation		-	(2,029)	(9,605)	(11,634)	
Transferred to investment property		7,429	6,374	-	13,803	
,	₩	55,468	49,115	18,115	122,698	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

10. Intangible assets

Changes in intangible assets for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

			D	ecember 31, 20	13	
	_	Finite use	ful lives	Infinite u	seful lives	
	_				Settlement system right of	
	_	Software	Others	Membership	use	Total
Beginning balance	₩	13,455	177	10,087		43,415
Acquisition Disposals		3,519 -	-	2,357 (772)		5,876 (772)
Depreciation		(6,845)	(112)	_ 	-	(6,957)
Impairment		-	-	(164)	-	(164)
Others Ending balance	₩ -	10,129	87 152	(87 <u>)</u> 11,421	19,696	41,398
Litting balance	** =	10,123	132	11,421	13,030	41,550
				March 31, 2013	}	
		Finite use	ful lives	Infinite u	seful lives	
					Settlement system right of	
	_	Software	Others	Membership	use	Total
Beginning balance	₩	21,771	269	7,264	19,696	49,000
Acquisition		4,677	-	4,324	-	9,001
Disposals		- (40,000)	- (00)	(1,121)	-	(1,121)
Depreciation Impairment		(12,993)	(92)	(380)	-	(13,085) (380)
Ending balance	₩ -	13,455	177	10,087	19,696	43,415
5 12 21 21 2	_	-,		-,		-,

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

11. Investment property

(a) Details of investment property as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_		December 31, 2013	
			Accumulated	_
		Acquisition cost	depreciation	Book value
Land	₩	107,948	-	107,948
Buildings		96,549	(13,243)	83,306
	₩	204,497	(13,243)	191,254
			March 31, 2013	
			Accumulated	
		Acquisition cost	depreciation	Book value
Land	₩	74,836	-	74,836
Buildings	_	83,237	(10,388)	72,849
	₩	158,073	(10,388)	147,685

(b) Changes in investment property for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

			December 31, 2013	
		Land	Buildings	Total
Beginning balance Acquisition Depreciation	₩	74,836 32,144 -	72,849 12,376 (2,720)	147,685 44,520 (2,720)
Transferred to property and equipment		968	801	1,769
Ending balance	₩	197,948	83,306	191,254
			March 31, 2013	
		Land	Buildings	Total
Beginning balance Acquisition	₩	100,618 38	90,096 -	190,714 38
Disposals		(18,391)	(7,426)	(25,817)
Depreciation Transferred from property and equipment		(7,429)	(3,447) (6,374)	(3,447) (13,803)
Ending balance	₩	74,836	72,849	147,685

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

11. Investment property, Continued

(c) Details of gain (loss) on investment property for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Rental income	₩	12,539	16,760
Direct operating expenses for investment property		2.721	3.447
that generated rental income		2,721	3,447

(d) The fair value of investment property as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Fair value	₩	202,612	157,704

12. Other assets

Details of other assets as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Leasehold rights	₩	39,948	43,151
Receivables		738,911	1,009,460
Accrued income		83,504	90,386
Prepaid expenses		10,091	10,891
Deposits for guarantees		37,623	32,978
Advance payments		53,884	70,560
Prepaid income tax		183	34
Receivables from inter-bank fund transfer		32,450	36,612
Others		2,445	4,558
	•	999,039	1,298,630
Allowance for credit loss (Note 8)	•	(6,441)	(11,819)
Present value discount		(8,811)	(6,591)
	₩	983,787	1,280,220

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

13. Deposits

Details of deposits as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Customers' deposits	\ \ \ \ \	405.070	400 400
Customers' deposits for brokerage	₩	465,878	460,130
Customers' deposits for exchange-traded derivatives trading		180,726	264,513
Customers' deposits for savings		3,742	2,947
Customers' deposits for other securities		73	73
Customers' deposits for foreign securities		130,288	222,880
		780,707	950,543
Guarantee deposits			
Deposits for margin loans		9,072	9,087
	₩	789,779	959,630

14. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

(a) Details of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Trading financial liabilities	₩	857,367	246,156
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss		5,909,130	4,766,698
Derivative liabilities	_	452,556	353,139
	₩	7,219,053	5,365,993

(b) Details of trading liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Securities sold			
Stocks	₩	283,296	118,273
State and local bonds		424,445	124,148
Others		149,626	3,735
	₩	857,367	246,156

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

14. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, Continued

(c) Details of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Hybrid instruments			
Equity linked securities sold	₩	4,545,850	3,598,721
Others derivatives-combined securities sold		1,362,608	1,100,276
		5,908,458	4,698,997
Management and performance evaluation on			
a fair value basis			
Securities sold		672	67,701
	₩	5,909,130	4,766,698

(d) Details of derivative liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

Derivatives in won Over the counter: Interest rate ₩ 91,961 Equity 274,006 Credit 5,324 Other 69,451	64,695 248,395 3,724 1,775
Interest rate ₩ 91,961 Equity 274,006 Credit 5,324 Other 69,451	248,395 3,724
Credit 5,324 Other 69,451	3,724
Other69,451	
	1 775
440 740	
440,742	318,589
Exchange traded:	
Equity options 928	19,108
441,670	337,697
Derivatives in foreign currency	
Over the counter:	
Currency 5,602	2,107
Other2,090	5,864
	7,971
Exchange traded:	
Commodity futures 3,194	7,471
10,886	15,442
₩452,556	353,139

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

15. Borrowings

(a) Details of borrowings as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Debt securities issued Borrowings	₩	17,432 7,803,522	17,432 8.215.515
Donowings		7,003,322	0,210,010
	₩	7,820,954	8,232,947

(b) Details of borrowings as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	December 31, 2013			March 31, 2013		
	Interest rate (%)		Amount	Interest rate (%)	Amount	
Call money	2.45~2.65	₩	1,034,900	2.70~2.87 ₩	4 646,500	
Notes payable	-		-	2.79~2.82	480,000	
Bank overdrafts	-		-	4.94	9,500	
Bonds sold under repurchase agreements (won)	1.00~3.00		5,950,581	1.00~3.00	6,121,755	
Bonds sold under repurchase agreements (foreign currency)	0.30~1.00		108,794	0.30~1.10	53,654	
Borrowings from KSFC	2.62~2.67		125,675	3.03~3.53	32,301	
Borrowings from Banks	-		-	3.45	50,000	
Borrowings from affiliated company	4.11		100,000	4.11	100,000	
	3.84		100,000	3.84	100,000	
Borrowings in foreign currency	Libor 3 month+3.90		147,303	Libor 3 month+3.90	164,134	
Others	-		236,269	-	457,671	
		₩	7,803,522	₩	8,215,515	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

16. Provisions

Changes in provisions for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

			December 31, 2013	
		Asset retirement obligation(*)	Allowance for litigation	Total
Beginning balance	₩	3,502	5,687	9,189
Provision		137	-	137
Reversal		(215)	-	(215)
Provision used		-	(5,687)	(5,687)
Others		96	<u>-, </u>	96
Ending balance	₩	3,520	<u> </u>	3,520

			March 31, 2013		
		Asset retirement obligation(*)	Allowance for litigation	Other allowances	Total
Beginning balance	₩	3,084	21,942	2	25,028
Provision		662	-	-	662
Transfer		=	7,231	-	7,231
Reversal		(413)	-	-	(413)
Provision used		=	(23,486)	=	(23,486)
Other		169	-	(2)	167
Ending balance	₩	3,502	5,687	-	9,189

^(*) Asset retirement obligation liabilities represent the estimated costs to restore the existing leased properties which are discounted to the present value using the appropriate discount rate at the end of the reporting period. Disbursements of such costs are expected to incur at the end of the lease contract. Such costs are reasonably estimated using the average lease year and the average restoration expenses. The average lease year is calculated based on the past three -year historical data of the expired leases. The average restoration expense is calculated based on the actual costs incurred for the past three years using the three-year average inflation rate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

17. Other liabilities

Details of other liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Accounts payable	₩	725,553	933,521
Accrued expenses		67,204	56,199
Unearned income		6,795	2,746
Deposits for rent		31,762	34,535
Domestic exchanges payable		32,263	38,087
Account for agency business		429	384
Advances from customers		26	-
Withholding income taxes		12,656	18,412
Deposits for derivatives		104,095	71,656
Others	_	26,509	1,956
	_	1,007,266	1,157,496
Present value discount		(2,406)	(2,120)
	₩	1,004,860	1,155,376

18. Net commission income

Net commission income for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Commission income		
Brokerage commissions	N 154,295	209,374
Brokerage commissions on	8,672	10,783
Underwriting commissions	11,711	14,706
Consulting commissions	4,907	11,383
Commissions on entrusted investments	4,537	3,775
Trust fees and commissions received	6,422	5,886
Others	9,070	10,875
	199,614	266,782
Commission expense		
Trading commissions	(13,528)	(18,387)
Commission on securities borrowed	(6,164)	(3,508)
Commission on Shinhan Group brand	(6,722)	(9,315)
Partnership commission	(3,385)	(5,426)
Others	(6,707)	(9,893)
	(36,506)	(46,529)
Net commission income	A 163,108	220,253

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

19. Net interest income

Net interest income for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Dece	December 31, 2013	
Interest income Interest on deposits	₩.	29,983	67,744
Interest on financial assets designated	V V	32,605	24,690
at fair value through profit or loss		32,003	24,030
Interest on trading financial assets		208,690	247,006
Interest on available-for-sale financial assets		24,869	47,913
Interest on loans		50,678	67,330
Others		30,917	20,597
		377,742	475,280
Interest expense			
Interest on customers' deposits		(7,990)	(10,224)
Interest on borrowings		(21,057)	(23,276)
Interest on bonds sold under repurchase agreements		(118,700)	(159,164)
Interest on call money		(9,284)	(16,128)
Interest on debentures		(7,986)	(3,208)
Others		(9,442)	(4,753)
		(174,459)	(216,753)
Net interest income	₩	203,283	258,527

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

20. Net gain (loss) on foreign transactions

Net gain (loss) on foreign transactions for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Decei	March 31, 2013	
Gain on foreign transactions			
Gain on foreign currency transactions	₩	24,515	12,802
Gain on foreign exchange translations		11,628	3,161
		36,143	15,963
Loss on foreign transactions			
Loss on foreign currency transactions		(22,341)	(13,383)
Loss on foreign exchange translations		(7,043)	(2,772)
		(29,384)	(16,155)
Net gain (loss) on foreign transactions	₩	6,759	(192)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

21. Selling and administrative expenses

Selling and administrative expenses for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Decei	March 31, 2013	
Personnel expenses			
Salary and other benefits for employees	₩	159,126	212,393
Early retirement		13,578	1,363
Severance pay		11,118	13,649
		183,822	227,405
Depreciation		7,704	11,635
Amortization of intangible assets		6,957	13,085
Others			
Rental expense		13,908	16,966
Entertainment expense		4,614	5,467
Advertising expense		6,585	11,250
Computer system operation expense		8,758	12,615
Research and study expense		4,265	5,386
Communication expense		6,278	8,291
Maintenance and repairs expense		2,950	4,449
Tax and dues		15,781	12,207
Others		16,318	24,060
		79,457	100,691
	₩	277,940	352,816

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

22. Other operating revenues and expenses

Other operating revenues and expenses for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Decem	March 31, 2013	
Other operating revenues			
Dividends income	₩	4,249	3,897
Reversal of assets retirement obligation		215	413
Others		276	646
	₩	4,740	4,956
Other operating expenses Provision for loss for other assets	₩	6,055	6,867
Deposit insurance premium	V V	323	536
Contribution to provisions for legal		-	7,231
Others		933	139
	₩	7,311	14,773

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

23. Non-operating incomes and expenses

Non-operating incomes and expenses for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Decer	March 31, 2013	
Non-operating incomes			
Gain on equity method valuation	₩	1,134	-
Rental income		12,539	16,760
Gain on disposition of property and equipment		1	1,458
Gains on disposition of investment properties		-	1,878
Gains on disposition of intangible assets		280	605
Others		199	745
	₩	14,153	21,446
Non-operating expenses			
Loss on equity method valuation	₩	17,315	439
Impaired loss on investments in associates		-	58
Depreciation on investment properties		2,721	3,447
Donations		680	1,081
Loss on disposition of property and equipment		85	198
Loss on disposition of investment properties		_	426
Loss on disposition of intangible assets		37	56
Impairment losses on intangible assets		164	380
Others		93	2,973
	₩	21,095	9,058

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

24. Financial instrument classification by category

(a) Detail of financial instruments' book value as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as

				De	ecember 31,	2013			
		Trading assets	Financial asset designated at FVTPL	Available- for-sale financial assets	Loans and receivables	Trading liabilities	Financial liabilities designated at FVTPL	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Total
Assets: Cash and due from banks	₩	-	-	-	1,957,785	-	-	-	1,957,785
Financial assets at FVTPL		9,626,838	3,088,936	-	-	-	-	-	12,715,774
Available-for-sale financial asset		-	-	1,658,455	-	-	-	-	1,658,455
Loans		-	-	-	1,375,047	-	-	-	1,375,047
Other financial assets		-	-	-	918,908	-	-	-	918,908
	₩	9,626,838	3,088,936	1,658,455	4,251,740	-	_	-	18,625,969
Liabilities: Deposits Financial	₩	-	-	-	-	-	-	789,779	789,779
liabilities at FVTPL		-	-	-	-	1,309,923	5,909,130	-	7,219,053
Borrowings		-	-	-	-	-	-	7,820,954	7,820,954
Other financial liabilities		-		-		-		854,804	854,804
	₩	-		_		1,309,923	5,909,130	9,465,537	16,684,590

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

24. Financial instrument classification by category, Continued

					March 31, 2	2013			
	-	Trading assets	Financial asset designated at FVTPL	Available- for-sale financial assets	Loans and receivables	Trading liabilities	Financial liabilities designated at FVTPL	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Total
Assets:	-	033613		assets	receivables	liabilities	ativiiL		IOtal
Cash and due from banks	₩	-	-	-	1,739,134	-	-	-	1,739,134
Financial assets at FVTPL		8,896,514	2,798,644	-	-	-	-	-	11,695,158
Available-for-sale financial assets		-	-	1,338,815	-	-	-	-	1,338,815
Loans		-	-	-	1,570,237	-	-	-	1,570,237
Other financial assets	, <u>-</u>	-		-	1,196,822	_			1,196,822
	₩	8,896,514	2,798,644	1,338,815	4,506,193	-			17,540,166
Liabilities: Deposits Financial	₩	-	-	-	-	-	-	959,630	959,630
liabilities at FVTPL		-	-	-	-	599,295	4,766,698	-	5,365,993
Borrowings		-	-	-	-	-	-	8,232,947	8,232,947
Other financial liabilities	-	-		-		_	-	1,060,607	1,060,607
	₩	-	-	-	-	599,295	4,766,698	10,253,184	15,619,177

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

24. Financial instrument classification by category, Continued

(b) Gains or losses of financial instruments for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Trading assets			
Gain on valuation	₩	24,466	40,568
Gain on sales		149,401	153,183
Loss on valuation		(32,382)	(7,396)
Loss on sales		(179,451)	(98,177)
	₩	(37,966)	88,178
Derivatives			
Gain on valuation of derivatives	₩	261,009	269,578
Gain on derivatives transactions		583,195	606,677
Loss on valuation of derivatives		(277,670)	(197,333)
Loss on derivatives transactions		(495,884)	(416,458)
	₩	70,650	262,464
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss			
Gain on valuation	₩	52,019	74,803
Gain on sales		27,813	32,957
Loss on valuation		(37,502)	(16,084)
Loss on sales		(17,401)	(6,417)
	₩	24,929	85,259
Available for sale financial instruments			
Gain on sales	₩	19,354	21,874
Reversal of impairment		-	22,147
Loss on sales		(2,882)	(1,516)
Impaired loss		(4,503)	(9,145)
Gain on valuation		(10,469)	(2,352)
	₩	1,500	31,008

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

24. Financial instrument classification by category, Continued

	Dec	ember 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Loans and receivables		_	
Gain on sales of loans	₩	8,691	2,538
Reversal		6,385	-
Provision for loan loss		-	(4,893)
Loss on sales of loans		(147)	(71)
Provision for loss for other assets		(6,055)	(6,867)
	₩	8,874	(9,293)
Trading financial liabilities			
Gain on valuation	₩	9,437	4,315
Gain on redemption		85,855	24,462
Loss on valuation		(8,684)	(6,254)
Loss on redemption		(70,811)	(41,869)
	₩	15,797	(19,346)
Financial liability designated at fair value through profit or loss			
Gain on valuation	₩	219,209	93,059
Gain on redemption		18,312	5,641
Loss on valuation		(201,646)	(214,891)
Loss on redemption		(184,395)	(352,042)
	₩	(148,520)	(468,233)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management

(a) General information of risk management

The principal risks to which the Group is exposed are credit risk, market risk, interest risk and liquidity risk. These risks are recognized, measured and reported in accordance with risk management guidelines established at the controlling company level and implemented at the subsidiary level through a carefully stratified checks-and-balances system.

(i) Risk management principles

The Group risk management is guided by the following core principles:

- identifying and managing all inherent risks;
- standardizing risk management process and methodology;
- ensuring supervision and control of risk management independent of business activities;
- continuously assessing risk preference;
- preventing risk concentration;
- operating a precise and comprehensive risk management system including statistical models; and
- balancing profitability and risk management through risk-adjusted profit management

(ii) Risk management framework

The Group has established the Group Risk Management Committee, the Group Risk Management Council and the Group Risk Management Team at the holding company level and the Risk Management Committees and the Risk Management Team of the relevant subsidiary at the subsidiary level.

The Group Risk Management Committee consists of directors of the controlling company. The Group Risk Management Committee convenes at least once every quarter and may also convene on an ad hoc basis as needed. Specifically, the Group Risk Management Committee does the following: (i) establish the overall risk management policies consistent with management strategies, (ii) set risk limits for the entire group and each of subsidiaries, (iii) approve appropriate investment limits or allowed loss limits, (iv) enact and amends risk management regulations, and (v) decide other risk management-related issues the Board of directors or the Group Risk Management Committee sees fit to discuss. The results of the Group Risk Management Committee meetings are reported to the Board of Directors of the controlling company. The Group Risk Management Committee makes decisions through affirmative votes by a majority of the committee members.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(a) General information of risk management, Continued

Group Risk Management Council consists of the Group's chief risk officer, head of risk management team, and risk officers from each subsidiary. The Group Risk Management Council holds meetings for risk management executives from each subsidiary to discuss the Group's groupwide risk management guidelines and strategy in order to maintain consistency in the groupwide risk policies and strategies. Specifically, the Group Risk Management Council deliberates on the following: (i) changes in risk management policies and strategies for each subsidiary, (ii) matters warranting discussion of risk management at the Group level and cooperation among the subsidiaries, (iii) the effect of external factors on the groupwide risk, (iv) determination of the risk appetite for the Group as a whole and for each of the subsidiaries, (vi) operation of risk measuring systems for the Group as a whole and for each of the subsidiaries, (vii) matters requiring joint deliberation in relation to group-wide risk management and (viii) matters related to providing funds to the subsidiaries. The Group Risk Management Council has a sub-council consisting of working-level risk management officers to discuss the above-related matters in advance.

(b) Credit risk

(i) Maximum exposure to credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss of the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligation, and arises principally from due from banks, the lending process related to loans, investment activities in debt securities and off balance sheet items including purchase agreements, etc. Credit risk management is critical to the Group's business activities; thus, the Group carefully manages the credit risk exposure.

Details of the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Due from banks and loans(*)	₩	3,332,733	3,309,275
Banks		1,918,951	1,640,151
Retail		706,261	695,148
Mortgage lending		12,165	13,305
Other		694,096	681,843
Government		487	346
Corporate		707,034	973,630
Large company		508,312	506,780
Small business		198,722	466,850
Trading financial assets			
Debt securities		8,667,823	7,968,590
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss			
Debt securities		1,763,070	1,522,860
Available-for-sale financial assets Debt securities		1,463,361	1,163,520

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(b) Credit risk, Continued

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Derivative assets		227,327	266,635
Other financial assets		918,908	1,196,822
		16,373,222	15,427,702
		_	
ABCP purchase agreement		183,800	142,100
Loan commitment		<u>-</u> _	110,000
		183,800	252,100
	₩	16,557,022	15,679,803

^(*) Cash on hand is excluded from due from banks.

(ii) Due from banks and loans

Details of due from banks and loans as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013						
	Ponko		Total					
_	Daliks	Retail	Government	Corporate	Sub total	IOlai		
₩	1,918,951	705,893	487	704,878	1,411,258	3,330,209		
	-	371	-	116	487	487		
	-	1,415	-	41,382	42,797	42,797		
_	1,918,951	707,679	487	746,376	1,454,542	3,373,493		
	-	(1,418)	-	(39,342)	(40,760)	(40,760)		
₩	1,918,951	706,261	487	707,034	1,413,782	3,332,733		
-		March 31, 2013						
	Banks -	Retail	Government	Corporate	Sub total	Total		
₩	1,640,151	694,574	346	961,614	1,656,534	3,296,685		
	-	577	-	36	613	613		
	-	1,585	-	114,879	116,464	116,464		
-	1,640,151	696,736	346	1,076,529	1,773,611	3,413,762		
	-	(1,588)	-	(102,899)	(104,487)	(104,487)		
W	1,640,151	695,148	346	973,630	1,669,124	3,309,275		
	₩.	1,918,951	Hetail Hetail Nation Hetail Nation Retail 705,893 - 371 - 1,415 1,918,951 707,679 - (1,418) Nation Hetail Nation Retail Nation Retail Nation Hetail Nation Retail Nation Hetail Nation Retail Retail Nation Retail Hetail Nation Retail Hetail Hetail Retail Retail Hetail Hetail Retail Hetail Hetail Retail Hetail Retail Retail Hetail Hetail Retail Hetail Hetail Hetail Retail Retail Hetail Hetail Retail Retail Hetail Hetail Retail Retail Hetail Hetail Retail Retail Retail Hetail Hetail Retail Retail Retail Hetail Retail Retail Retail Retail Retail Hetail Retail Retail	Custor Retail Government ₩ 1,918,951 705,893 487 - 371 - - 1,415 - 1,918,951 707,679 487 - (1,418) - W 1,918,951 706,261 487 Banks Retail Government W 1,640,151 694,574 346 - 577 - - 1,585 - 1,640,151 696,736 346 - (1,588) -	Banks Customers Retail Government Corporate W 1,918,951 705,893 487 704,878 - 371 - 116 - 1,415 - 41,382 1,918,951 707,679 487 746,376 - (1,418) - (39,342) W 1,918,951 706,261 487 707,034 March 31, 2013 Customers Retail Government Corporate W 1,640,151 694,574 346 961,614 - 577 - 36 - 1,585 - 114,879 1,640,151 696,736 346 1,076,529 - (1,588) - (102,899)	Customers Retail Government Corporate Sub total ₩ 1,918,951 705,893 487 704,878 1,411,258 - 371 - 116 487 - 1,415 - 41,382 42,797 1,918,951 707,679 487 746,376 1,454,542 - (1,418) - (39,342) (40,760) ₩ 1,918,951 706,261 487 707,034 1,413,782 March 31, 2013 Customers Retail Government Corporate Sub total ₩ 1,640,151 694,574 346 961,614 1,656,534 - 577 - 36 613 - 1,585 - 114,879 116,464 1,640,151 696,736 346 1,076,529 1,773,611 - (1,588) - (102,899) (104,487)		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(b) Credit risk, Continued

Details of due from banks and loans, net of allowance, that are neither past due nor impaired as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

			December 31, 2013						
		Danler	Parks Customers						
		Banks -	Retail	Government	Corporate	Sub total	Total		
Grade 1	₩	1,918,951	_	487	550,744	551,231	2,470,182		
Grade 2		-	705,893	-	154,134	860,027	860,027		
Allowance		<u> </u>	(3)	<u> </u>	(877)	(880)	(880)		
	₩	1,640,151	705,890	487	704,001	1,410,378	3,329,329		
Fair value of collateral	₩	121,350	698,719	-	542,657	1,241,376	1,362,726		
		March 31, 2013							
David				Customers					
		Banks -	Retail	Government	Corporate	Sub total	Total		
Grade 1	₩	1,640,060		346	509,845	510,191	2,150,251		
Grade 2		91	694,574	-	451,769	1,146,343	1,146,434		
Allowance		<u> </u>	(3)	<u> </u>	(6,967)	(6,970)	(6,970)		
	₩	1,640,151	694,571	346	954,647	1,649,564	3,289,715		
Fair value of collateral	₩	121,350	691,064		738,991	1,430,055	1,551,405		

Credit quality of due from banks and loans were classified based on the internal credit rating.

Details of due from banks and loans that were past due but not impaired as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

			December 31, 2013							
	-	Banks -		Customers						
	_	Daliks	Retail	Government	Corporate	Sub total	Total			
Within 30 days	₩	-	371	-	116	487	487			
30~60 days		-	-	-	-	-	-			
60~90 days		-	-	-	-	-	-			
More than 90 days		-	-	-	-	-	-			
	₩	-	371		116	487	487			
Fair value of collateral	₩	-	359		104	463	463			

			March 31, 2013								
	-	Banks -	Customers Customers								
	_	Daliks	Retail	Government	Corporate	Sub total	Total				
Within 30 days	₩	-	577	_	36	613	613				
30~60 days		-	-	-	-	-	-				
60~90 days		-	-	-	-	-	-				
More than 90 days	_	-	-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
	₩	_	577		36	613	613				
Fair value of collateral	₩	-	577		36	613	613				

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(b) Credit risk, Continued

Details of impaired due from banks and loans as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

			December 31, 2013					
		Banks	Customers					
		Danks	Retail	Government	Corporate	Sub total	Total	
Impaired amounts	₩	_	1,415		41,382	42,797	42,797	
Allowance		-	(1,415)	-	(38,465)	(39,880)	(39,880)	
	₩				2,917	2,917	2,917	
Fair value of collateral	₩	-	-	-	2,917	2,917	2,917	
				March	31, 2013			
		Banks	Customers				Total	
		Danks	Retail	Government	Corporate	Sub total	iotai	
Impaired amounts	₩	_	1,585		114,879	116,464	116,464	
Allowance		-	(1,585)	-	(95,932)	(97,517)	(97,517)	
	₩		-		18,947	18,947	18,947	
Fair value of collateral	₩		-		18,947	18,947	18,947	

(iii) Credit rating

Details of credit rating of trading financial assets, financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_				
	·		Financial assets designated at fair		
		Trading financial	value through	Available-for-sale	
		assets	profit or loss	financial assets	Total
AAA	₩	2,575,511	181,843	52,028	2,809,382
AA- to AA+		4,222,635	253,736	659,137	5,208,926
A- to A+		1,748,441	866,705	534,504	3,149,650
Lower than A-		121,236	460,786	204,488	786,510
Unrated		-	-	13,204	13,204
	₩	8,667,823	1,763,070	1,463,361	11,967,672
Neither past due nor impaired	₩	8,667,823	1,763,070	1,457,828	11,962,139
Impaired		-	-	5,533	5,533
	₩	8,667,823	1,763,070	1,463,361	11,967,672

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(b) Credit risk, Continued

	_	March 31, 2013					
	_		Financial assets				
			designated at fair				
			value through	Available-for-sale			
		Trading assets	profit or loss	financial assets	Total		
AAA	₩	4,948,689	342,275	238,406	5,529,370		
AA- to AA+		2,018,578	214,602	154,172	2,387,352		
A- to A+		665,883	605,509	463,903	1,735,295		
Lower than A-		330,650	360,474	252,784	943,908		
Unrated		4,790	-	54,255	59,045		
	₩	7,968,590	1,522,860	1,163,520	10,654,970		
Neither past due nor impaired	₩	7,968,590	1,522,860	1,114,288	10,605,738		
Impaired		-	-	49,232	49,232		
	₩	7,968,590	1,522,860	1,163,520	10,654,970		

(iv) Concentration by location

Details of concentration by location of due from banks and loans as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013							
		Banks	Retail	Government	Corporate	Total			
Korea	₩	1,893,461	706,261	487	461,517	3,061,726			
USA		2,651	-	-	1,501	4,152			
UK		4	-	-	505	509			
Other		22,835	-		243,511	266,346			
	₩	1,918,951	706,261	487	707,034	3,332,733			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>				
				March 31, 2013					
		Banks	Retail	Government	Corporate	Total			
Korea	₩	1,606,759	695,148	346	733,199	3,035,452			
USA		2,985	-	-	2,860	5,845			
UK		38	-	-	296	334			
Other		30,369	-		237,275	267,644			
	₩	1,640,151	695,148	346	973,630	3,309,275			
	_				_				

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (b) Credit risk, Continued
- (v) Concentration by industry sector

Details of concentration by industry sector of due from banks and loans as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	December 31, 2013					
	_	Banks	Retail	Government	Corporate	Total
Finance and insurance	₩	1,918,951	_	128	174,059	2,093,138
Manufacturing		-	-	-	13,145	13,145
Retail and wholesale		-	-	-	66,691	66,691
Real estate and service		-	-	-	100,674	100,674
Construction		-	-	-	2,142	2,142
Other		-	-	359	350,323	350,682
Retail customers		-	706,261	-	-	706,261
	₩	1,918,951	706,261	487	707,034	3,332,733
		Banks	Retail	Government	Corporate	Total
Finance and insurance	₩	1,640,151	_	346	305,676	1,946,173
Manufacturing		-	-	-	3,260	3,260
Retail and wholesale		-	-	-	4,880	4,880
Real estate and service		-	-	-	336,667	336,667
Construction		-	-	-	2,065	2,065
Other		-	-	-	321,082	321,082
Retail customers		-	695,148	-	-	695,148
	W	1,640,151	695,148	346	973,630	3,309,275

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (c) Market risk
- (i) Trading position Value at Risk (VaR)

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as interest rates, equity prices, and foreign exchange rates, will affect the Group's income or the value of its trading portfolios.

The Group assesses its market risks using a variety of criteria such as standard methods that measure market risk exposure, risk valuation criteria (VaR: Value at Risk) and others, and report it daily.

Overall authority for market risk is vested in The Risk Management Committee. The Risk Management Practical Committee which is composed of the Group's financial officer, agenda initiative executive, executives of major operation departments and the Risk Management Officer (Chief Risk Officer) set risk management policy and investment limits. The Risk Management Practical Committee monitors operation departments and reports regularly to The Risk Management Committee. Operation departments which possess and manage trading assets also perform risk management on their own process.

The Group uses risk valuation techniques to evaluate, assess and control market risk, including the following measurement methods:

Risk valuation is calculated by multiplying risk weight to value of assets. The VaR of a trading portfolio is the estimated loss that will arise on the portfolio over a specified period of time (holding period) from an adverse market movement with a specified probability (confidence level).

The Group utilizes one-day 99.9% confidence level based VaR assuming the probability that daily loss of the portfolio would not exceed reported VaR is 99.9%. The Group uses the ten-day 99.9% confidence level-based VaR for managing market risk. VaR computation is based on historical simulation. The Group calculates the ten-day 99.9% VaR by multiplying the one-day 99.9% VaR by the square root of ten and uses such VaR on a supplemental basis.

Limitation of market risk is set within total risk limitation and calculated by multiplying the Group's average VaR with a multiplier. The Group uses this risk to manage its capital structure.

The Risk Management Department manages risk limits given by the Risk Management Committee and Risk Management Practical Committee. Risk limits are comprised of transaction limits, stop loss, and instrument limits. If limits are exceeded, the operating unit manager reports that fact, reason, and solution to the Risk Management Department head. This procedure is stipulated well, therefore the risk can be treated effectively in an emergency situation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(c) Market risk, Continued

An analysis of trading positions VaR as of and for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013				
					At December	
		Average	Maximum	Minimum	31, 2013	
Interest rate	₩	13,830	33,534	2,930	6,404	
Equities		8,335	17,163	3,418	3,471	
Foreign exchange		2,400	6,930	126	1,194	
Option volatility		3,013	6,854	146	1,409	
Portfolio diversificati	on	(10,481)	(24,419)	(2,469)	(7,416)	
	₩	17,097	40,062	4,151	5,062	
			March 31,	2013		
		·		·	A . N . A I	

		March 31, 2013					
	_				At March		
		Average	Maximum	Minimum	31, 2013		
Interest rate	₩	8,974	15,797	2,532	10,246		
Equities		4,229	12,672	921	6,331		
Foreign exchange		2,625	10,825	117	756		
Option volatility		3,935	11,812	364	941		
Portfolio diversification	n _	(10,997)	(20,771)	(3,037)	(12,104)		
	₩	8,766	30,335	897	6,170		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (c) Market risk, Continued
- (ii) Non-trading position VaR

The principal market risk from non-trading activities of the Group is interest rate risk, which affects the Group's earnings and the economic value of the Group's net assets:

- Earnings: interest rate fluctuations have an effect on the Group's net interest income by affecting its interest-sensitive operating income and expenses and EaR (Earnings at Risk) is a commonly used risk management measurement technique.
- Economic value of net assets: interest rate fluctuations influence the Group's net worth by affecting the present value of cash flows from the assets, liabilities and other transactions of the Group and interest rate VaR is a commonly used risk management measurement technique.

Accordingly, the Group measures and manages interest rate risk for non-trading activities by taking into account effects of interest rate changes on both its income and net asset value.

Interest rate VaR and EaR of non-trading positions as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Interest rate VaR	₩	11,725	22,907
Interest rate EaR		126,321	132,360

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (c) Market risk, Continued
- (iii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk of loss that occurs due to fluctuations in future cash flows or fair values as a result of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. Foreign exchange risk is due to differences between foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities, and is also from forward positions. The Group sets a limit for net open positions by currency.

The Group does not have of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities that are applied to hedge accounting.

Exposures to foreign exchange risk of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013				
		USD	JPY	EUR	Other	Total
Assets	-					
Cash and due from banks	₩	139,034	1,207	8,704	13,134	162,079
Loans		241,943	-	-	-	241,943
Trading financial assets		228,263	5,020	-	19,246	252,529
Available-for-sale financial assets		5,391	-	-	504	5,895
Other financial assets	_	20,757	206	36	1,493	22,492
	-	635,388	6,433	8,740	34,377	684,938
Liabilities						
Deposits		122,467	826	7,733	7,437	138,463
Trading financial liabilities		46,806	-	-	-	46,806
Borrowings		256,907	-	-	-	256,097
Other financial liabilities	_	12,534	206	36	675	13,451
	-	437,904	1,032	7,769	8,112	454,817
Net assets		197,484	5,401	971	26,265	230,121
Off-balance sheet derivative exposure		(20,635)	(269)	(728)	(3,344)	(24,976)
Net position	₩	176,849	5,132	243	22,921	205,145

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(c) Market risk, Continued

	_		March 31, 2013						
		USD	JPY	EUR	Other	Total			
Assets Cash and due from banks Loans Trading financial assets	₩	259,525 242,810 139,968	1,841 - 142	2,127	8,507 - 687	272,000 242,810 140,797			
Available-for-sale financial assets		1,040	-	-	158	1,198			
Other financial assets	- -	61,845 705,188	1,983	5 2,132	1,009	62,859 719,664			
Liabilities									
Deposits Borrowings		221,294 217,788	1,757 -	1,290	6,246	230,587 217,788			
Other financial liabilities	-	32,994 472,076	1,757	1,295	731 6,977	33,730 482,105			
Net assets		233,112	226	837	3,384	237,559			
Off-balance derivative exposure		(238,787)	-	(570)	-	(239,357)			
Net position	₩	(5,675)	226	267	3,384	(1,798)			

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

In addition to liquidity risk management under the normal market situations, the Group has contingency plans to effectively cope with a possible liquidity crisis. A liquidity crisis could arise if the Group is not able to effectively manage its liquidity needs with its normal sources of funds, an epidemic financial markets crisis occurs or an abrupt deterioration of the Group's credit occurs. The Group's contingency plans correspond to the following different stages of a liquidity crisis: "liquidity risk limits", "early warning indicators" and "monitoring indicators".

The Group applies the following basic principles for liquidity risk management:

- maintain an appropriate level of liquidity risk through liquidity risk management based on liquidity gap or debt-to-equity ratio at each maturity date:
- assess and monitor net cash flows by currency and by maturity and continuously evaluate available sources of funds and possibility of disposal of any liquid assets:
- diversify source and uses of funds by product and by maturity to prevent excessive concentration in certain periods or products; and
- prepare contingency plans to cope with a liquidity crisis.

The Group manages its liquidity risk within the limits set on won and foreign currency by using various analysis methods such as liquidity gap and various indices including risk limits, early warning index, and monitoring index.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (d) Liquidity risk, Continued
- (i) Contractual maturities for financial instruments

Contractual maturities for financial instruments including cash flows of principal and interest and off balance as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013							
							More	_	
		Less than 1	1~3	3~6	6 months ~	1~5	than 5		
		month	months	months	1 year	years	years	Total	
Assets:									
Cash and due from bank	₩	755,394	388,536	555,031	212,904	-	60,094	1,971,959	
Trading financial assets		9,399,511	-	-	-	-	-	9,399,511	
Financial asset designated at FVTPL		2,387,535	146,011	99,491	88,401	367,666	-	3,089,104	
Derivative assets		227,288	39	-	-	-	-	227,327	
Available-for-sale financial assets		4,552	1,371,338	38,160	-	56,381	191,297	1,661,728	
Loans		76,997	363,354	516,524	31,518	386,500	125,443	1,500,336	
Other financial assets		869,833	11,864	7,422	10,051	32,671	2,319	934,160	
		13,721,110	2,281,142	1,216,628	342,874	843,218	379,153	18,784,125	
Liabilities: Deposits		790,475						790,475	
Trading financial			-	-	_	-	-	790,475	
liabilities		857,367	-	-	-	-	-	857,367	
Financial									
liabilities designated at FVTPL		56,175	206,479	442,352	677,631	4,205,094	321,399	5,909,130	
Derivative liabilities		452,556	-	-	_	-	_	452,556	
Borrowings		7,313,370	68,354	24,585	13,593	288,614	181,970	7,890,486	
Other financial liabilities		813,469	12,369	8,937	2,139	19,564	732	857,210	
		10,283,412	287,202	475,874	693,363	4,513,272	504,101	16,757,224	
Net position	₩	3,437,698	1,993,940	740,754	(350,489)	(3,670,054)	(124,948)	2,026,901	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(d) Liquidity risk, Continued

		March 31, 2013								
		Less than 1	1~3	3~6	6 months ~	1~5	More than			
		month	months	months	1 year	years	5 years	Total		
Assets: Cash and due from	₩	658,149	443,279	299,014	351,979		92	1,752,513		
bank Trading financial	• •	·								
assets Financial asset		183,305	231,169	484,860	61,087	410,489	370,250	1,741,160		
designated at FVTPL		8,629,878	-	-	-	-	-	8,629,878		
Derivative assets Available-for-sale		266,635	-	-	-	-	-	266,635		
financial assets		2,262,956	31,666	57,992	56,752	392,248	-	2,801,614		
Loans		9,398	1,113,617	-	-	1,414	222,288	1,346,717		
Other financial assets		1,093,321	23,354	21,489	26,780	28,519	21,769	1,215,232		
		13,103,643	1,843,085	863,355	496,598	832,670	614,399	17,753,750		
Liabilities:										
Deposits		960,538	-	-	-	-	-	960,538		
Trading financial liabilities Financial		246,157	-	-	-	-	-	246,157		
liabilities designated at FVTPL		147,524	208,806	171,170	662,644	3,420,224	156,328	4,766,696		
Derivative liabilities		353,139	_	-	-	-	-	353,139		
Borrowings		7,424,463	18,840	12,420	66,747	618,521	170,431	8,311,422		
Debt securities issued		73	17,481	-	-	-	-	17,554		
Other financial liabilities		988,808	17,335	4,221	37,080	14,571	712	1,062,727		
		10,120,702	262,462	187,811	766,471	4,053,316	327,471	15,718,233		
Net position	₩	2,982,941	1,580,623	675,544	(269,873)	(3,220,646)	286,928	2,035,517		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (d) Liquidity risk, Continued
- (ii) Contractual maturities for off balance sheet items

Contractual maturities for off balance sheet items as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

			December 31, 2013							
		Less than 1	1~3	3~6	6 months	1~5				
		month	months	months	~ 1 year	years	Total			
ABCP purchase agreement	₩	183,800	-	-	-	-	183,800			
				March :	31, 2013					
		Less than 1	1~3	3~6	6 months	1~5				
		month	months	months	~ 1 year	years	Total			
ABCP purchase										
agreement	₩	142,100	-	-	-	-	142,100			
Loan commitment		110,000			<u> </u>	=	110,000			
	₩	252,100	=	-		-	252,100			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(e) Capital risk management

(i) Capital management

The objective of capital management is to maintain a competitive credit rating for maximizing Group value and support its going concern.

The Group manages capital risk by considering the risk concerning market status change and operating activities. The Group maintains required capital by restricting dividends, increasing capital stock and capital reduction.

(ii) Regulatory Capital Status

Financial Supervisory Service imposes limitations on the Group's net capital ratio (NCR) to maintain at over 150%, otherwise the following measures are taken:

- NCR between120%~150%: recommending management improvement
- NCR between 100%~120%: demanding management improvement
- NCR less than 100%: ordering management improvement

The Group manages NCR according to its seperate financial statements and details of NCR as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
1. Net capital	₩	1,505,391	1,520,264
Net assets		2,228,901	2,220,311
Adjustment(-)		723,939	700,101
Adjustment(+)		429	54
2. Total risk		303,123	257,843
Market risk		234,334	190,483
Credit risk		51,125	49,596
Operating risk		17,664	17,764
3. Net capital ratio : (1/2) X 100 (%)		496.63%	589.61%
4. Surplus capital : (1 - 2)	₩	1,202,268	1,262,421

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(f) Measurement of fair value

The fair value which the Group primarily uses for measurement of financial instruments are the published price quotations in an active market which are based on the market prices or the dealer price quotations of financial instruments traded in an active market where available, which are the best evidence of fair value.

If the market for a financial instrument is not active, fair value is established either by using a valuation technique or independent third-party valuation service. The Group uses diverse valuation techniques using certain assumptions which are based on the inputs observable in markets at the end of each reporting date.

Valuation techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties, if available, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models. For example, the fair value for an interest swap is the present value of estimated future cash flows, and the fair value for a foreign exchange forwards contract is measured using the published forward exchange rate at the end of each reporting date.

(i) Financial instruments measured at amortized cost

The method of measuring the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost is as follows:

Type	Measurement methods of fair value						
Cash and due from banks	The book value and the fair value for cash are identical and most deposits are floating interest rate deposits or deposits that are a short-term instrument. For this reason, the book value is used as a substitute figure for the fair value.						
Loans	The fair value of the loans is measured by discounting the expected cash flows at the market interest rate and credit risk, etc.						
Deposits and borrowings	The book value and the fair value for demand deposits that are short-term instruments are identical. The fair value of borrowings is measured by discounting the contractual cash flows at the market interest rate that takes into account the residual risk.						

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (f) Measurement of fair value, Continued
 - (i) Financial instruments measured at amortized cost, Continued

The financial instruments measured at amortized cost as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013								
	_		Book v	/alue						
			Unamortized							
	_	Balance	balance	Allowance	Total	Fair value				
Assets Cash and due from banks:										
Cash and cash equivalents	₩	710,506	-	-	710,506	710,506				
Due from banks	_	1,247,279			1,242,279	1,242,279				
	_	1,957,785			1,957,785	1,957,785				
Loans: Retail		744,049	(1,663)	(1,419)	740,967	740,967				
Corporate		673,845	(423)	(39,342)	634,080	634,080				
Corporate	-	1,417,894	(2,086)	(40,761)	1,375,047	1,375,047				
	-	1,117,001	(2,000)	(10,701)	1,070,017	1,070,017				
Other financial assets		934,160	(8,811)	(6,441)	918,908	927,071				
	₩	4,309,839	(10,897)	(47,202)	4,251,740	4,259,903				
Liabilities Deposits	₩	789,779	_	-	789,779	789,779				
Borrowings: Call money Bonds sold under		1,034,900 6,059,375	-	-	1,034,900 6,059,375	1,034,900 6,059,375				
repurchase agreements			-	_						
Borrowings		709,247	-	-	709,247	709,247				
Debt securities issued	_	17,432			17,432	17,432				
	_	7,820,954			7,820,954	7,820,954				
Other financial liabilities	-	857,210	(2,406)		854,804	854,901				
	₩_	9,467,943	(2,406)		9,465,537	9,474,034				

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (f) Measurement of fair value, Continued
 - (i) Financial instruments measured at amortized cost, Continued

			N	1arch 31, 2013		
			Book v	/alue		
			Unamortized			
	_	Balance	balance	Allowance	Total	Fair value
Assets Cash and due from banks: Cash and cash equivalents Due from banks	₩.	517,553 1,221,581 1,739,134	- - -	- 	517,553 1,221,581 1,739,134	517,553 1,221,581 1,739,134
	-	1,700,101			1,700,101	1,700,101
Loans: Retail Corporate	-	732,528 944,669 1,677,197	(1,635) (838) (2,473)	(1,588) (102,899) (104,487)	729,305 840,932 1,570,237	729,305 840,932 1,570,237
Other financial assets		1,215,232	(6,591)	(11,819)	1,196,822	1,209,266
	₩	4,631,563	(9,064)	(116,306)	4,506,193	4,518,637
Liabilities Deposits	₩	959,630	-	-	959,630	959,630
Borrowings: Call money Bonds sold under repurchase agreements		646,500 6,175,409	-	-	646,500 6,175,409	646,500 6,175,409
Borrowings Debt securities issued	-	1,393,606 17,432	- -	<u> </u>	1,393,606 17,432	1,400,361 20,097
	-	8,232,947			8,232,947	8,242,367
Other financial liabilities	₩	1,062,726 10,255,303	(2,119) (2,119)	<u>-</u>	1,060,607 10,253,184	1,061,039 10,263,036

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (f) Measurement of fair value, Continued
 - (i) Financial instruments measured at amortized cost, Continued

Details of financial instruments measured at amortized cost by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized as of December 31, 2013 were as follows:

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets					
Cash and due from banks	₩	1,957,785	-	-	1,957,785
Loans		411	-	1,374,636	1,375,047
Other financial assets		4,146	-	922,925	927,071
	₩	1,962,342	-	2,297,561	4,259,903
Liabilities	_				
Deposits	₩	789,779	-	-	789,779
Borrowings		6,544,275	-	1,285,079	7,829,354
Other financial liabilities		4,185	-	850,716	854,901
	₩	7,338,239	-	2,135,795	9,474,034

(ii) Financial instruments measured at fair value

The Group classifies and discloses fair value of financial instruments into the following three-level hierarchy:

- Level 1: Financial instruments measured at quoted prices from active markets are classified as fair value level 1.
- Level 2: Financial instruments measured using valuation techniques where all significant inputs are observable market data are classified as level 2.
- Level 3: Financial instruments measured using valuation techniques where one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data are classified as level 3.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (f) Measurement of fair value, Continued
 - (ii) Financial instruments measured at fair value, Continued

Details of financial instruments measured at the fair value by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

			December 3	1, 2013	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets					
Trading financial assets:					
Debt securities	₩	473,817	256,374	1,497	731,688
Equity securities	_	2,457,251	6,210,572	<u> </u>	8,667,823
	_	2,931,068	6,466,946	1,497	9,399,511
Derivative assets:					
Trading purpose		6,995	74,086	146,246	227,327
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss Reserve for claims of					
customers' deposit (trust)		-	1,209,975	-	1,209,975
Debt securities		171,880	887,581	-	1,059,461
Equity securities		46,573	-	69,318	115,891
Derivatives-combined securities	_		150,050	553,559	703,609
	_	218,453	2,247,606	622,877	3,088,936
Available-for-sale financial assets: Debt securities Equity securities Collective fund for default loss	_	52,027 1,281 53,308	1,411,334 9,668 8,216 1,429,218	- 175,929 - - 175,929	1,463,361 186,878 8,216 1,658,455
	₩	3,209,824	10,217,856	946,549	14,374,229
Liabilities Trading financial liabilities:	= \^/	057007		·	057007
Securities sold Derivative liabilities:	₩	857,367	-	-	857,367
Trading purpose Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss:		6,212	105,477	340,867	452,556
Derivatives-combined securities sold		-	1,379,367	4,529,091	5,908,130
Securities sold		672	-	-	672
	_	672	1,379,367	4,529,091	5,909,130
	₩	864,251	1,484,844	4,869,958	7,219,053
	_				

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (f) Measurement of fair value, Continued
 - (ii) Financial instruments measured at fair value, Continued

Assets Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total Trading financial assets: Debt securities W 261,348 399,940 - 661,288 Equity securities 4,613,468 3,355,122 - 7,968,691 Derivative assets: 25,029 77,883 163,723 266,635 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss 25,029 77,883 163,723 266,635 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss 8 8 654,854 - 1,224,086 Customers' deposit (trust) 325,638 654,854 - 980,492 980,492 Equity securities 325,638 654,854 - 980,492 980,492 Equity securities 31,898 - - 51,698 - - 51,698 - - 51,698 - - 1,163,520 - - - 51,698 - - 9,473 - 9,473 - 9,473 - - 9,473 -				March 31,	2013	
Trading financial assets: W 261,348 399,940 - 661,288 Equity securities 4,613,468 3,355,122 - 7,968,591 Derivative assets: 4,874,816 3,755,062 - 8,629,879 Derivative assets: 25,029 77,883 163,723 266,635 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss Reserve for claims of customers' deposit (trust) - 1,224,086 - 1,224,086 Debt securities 325,638 654,854 - 980,492 Equity securities 51,698 - 1,782 540,586 542,368 Derivatives-combined securities 377,336 1,880,722 540,586 542,368 Available-for-sale financial assets: 238,406 925,114 - 1,163,520 Equity securities 2,933 3,451 159,438 165,822 Collective fund for default loss - 9,473 - 9,473 - 9,473 Collective fund for default loss - 9,473 - 9,473 - 9,473 - 9,473 Trading financial liabilities: 2246,156 - 26,517,05 863,747 <th></th> <th></th> <th>Level 1</th> <th>Level 2</th> <th>Level 3</th> <th>Total</th>			Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Debt securities ₩ 261,348 (4,613,468) 3,99,40 (3,555,122) 661,288 (5,987) Equity securities 4,613,468 (3,355,122) - 7,968,591 Derivative assets: 3,755,062 - 8,629,879 Trading purpose 25,029 77,883 163,723 266,635 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss 8,629,879 - 7,883 163,723 266,635 Reserve for claims of customers' deposit (trust) - 1,224,086 - 1,224,086 - 1,224,086 - 1,224,086 - 980,492 26,635 Equity securities 51,698 - 51,698 - 51,698 - 51,698 - 51,698 - 51,698 - 51,698 - 51,698 - 51,698 - 7,98,644	Assets					
Equity securities	Trading financial assets:					
Derivative assets: 4,874,816 3,755,062 8,629,879 Trading purpose 25,029 77,883 163,723 266,635 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss Reserve for claims of customers' deposit (trust) 1,224,086 - 1,224,086 Debt securities 325,638 654,854 - 980,492 Equity securities 51,698 - 1,782 540,586 542,368 Derivatives-combined securities - 1,782 540,586 542,368 Available-for-sale financial assets: 238,406 925,114 - 1,163,520 Equity securities 2,933 3,451 159,438 165,822 Collective fund for default loss - 9,473 - 9,473 - 9,473 Equity securities 2,933 3,451 159,438 165,822 Collective fund for default loss - 9,473 - 9,473 - 9,473 Equity securities 2,518,520 6,651,705 863,747 13,033,972 Liabilities - 1,224,086 - 246,156 - 246,156 - 246,156 Derivative liabilities:	Debt securities	₩	261,348	399,940	-	661,288
Derivative assets:	Equity securities	_	4,613,468	3,355,122		7,968,591
Trading purpose 25,029 77,883 163,723 266,635 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss 8 \$			4,874,816	3,755,062		8,629,879
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss Reserve for claims of customers' deposit (trust) Debt securities 325,638 654,854 - 980,492 Equity securities 51,698 - 51,698 Derivatives-combined securities - 1,782 540,586 542,368 Available-for-sale financial assets: Debt securities 238,406 925,114 - 1,163,520 Equity securities 2,933 3,451 159,438 165,822 Collective fund for default loss - 9,473 - 9,473 Collective fund for default loss - 9,473 - 9,473 Liabilities Trading financial liabilities: Securities sold W 246,156 - 246,156 Derivative liabilities: Trading purpose 26,579 206,024 120,536 353,139 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss: Derivatives-combined securities sold 67,581 120 - 67,701 Securities sold 67,581 120 - 67,701 Securities sold 67,581 120 - 67,701	Derivative assets:					
Value through profit or loss Reserve for claims of customers' deposit (trust) - 1,224,086 - 1,224,086 Customers' deposit (trust) 325,638 654,854 - 980,492 Equity securities 51,698 - - 51,698 Derivatives-combined securities - 1,782 540,586 542,368 Available-for-sale financial assets: - 1,880,722 540,586 2,798,644 Available-for-sale financial assets: - 1,880,722 540,586 2,798,644 Available-for-sale financial assets: - 1,880,722 540,586 2,798,644 Available-for-sale financial assets: - 9,25,114 - 1,163,520 Equity securities 2,933 3,451 159,438 165,822 Collective fund for default loss - 9,473 - 9,473 241,339 938,038 159,438 1,338,815 W 5,518,520 6,651,705 863,747 13,033,972 Liabilities Securities sold W 246,15	Trading purpose		25,029	77,883	163,723	266,635
customers' deposit (trust) - 1,224,086 - 1,224,086 Debt securities 325,638 654,854 - 980,492 Equity securities 51,698 - - 51,698 Derivatives-combined securities - 1,782 540,586 542,368 Available-for-sale financial assets: - 1,880,722 540,586 2,798,644 Available-for-sale financial assets: 238,406 925,114 - 1,163,520 Equity securities 2,933 3,451 159,438 165,822 Collective fund for default loss - 9,473 - 9,473 Collective fund for default loss - 9,473 - 9,473 Trading financial liabilities: 241,339 938,038 159,438 1,338,815 Perivative liabilities: 25,518,520 6,651,705 863,747 13,033,972 Liabilities Trading purpose 26,579 206,024 120,536 353,139 Financial liabilities: 23,456 4,675,541 <td>value through profit or loss</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	value through profit or loss					
Equity securities			-	1,224,086	-	1,224,086
Derivatives-combined securities				654,854	-	980,492
Available-for-sale financial assets: Debt securities Equity securities Collective fund for default loss Collective fund for default loss Equity securities Collective fund for default loss Collective fund			51,698	-	-	51,698
Available-for-sale financial assets: Debt securities	Derivatives-combined securities	_			540,586	542,368
Debt securities 238,406 925,114 - 1,163,520 Equity securities 2,933 3,451 159,438 165,822 Collective fund for default loss - 9,473 - 9,473 - 9,473 241,339 938,038 159,438 1,338,815 W 5,518,520 6,651,705 863,747 13,033,972 Liabilities Trading financial liabilities: Securities sold ₩ 246,156 246,156 - 246,156 Derivative liabilities: Trading purpose 26,579 206,024 120,536 353,139 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss: - 23,456 4,675,541 4,698,997 Derivatives-combined securities sold - 23,456 4,675,541 4,698,997 Securities sold 67,581 120 - 67,701 67,581 23,576 4,675,541 4,766,698		_	377,336	1,880,722	540,586	2,798,644
Liabilities Trading financial liabilities: Securities sold ₩ 246,156 - - 246,156 Derivative liabilities: Trading purpose 26,579 206,024 120,536 353,139 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss: Derivatives-combined securities sold - 23,456 4,675,541 4,698,997 Securities sold 67,581 120 - 67,701 67,581 23,576 4,675,541 4,766,698	Debt securities Equity securities	_	2,933	3,451 9,473	<u> </u>	165,822 9,473
Trading financial liabilities: Securities sold ₩ 246,156 - - 246,156 Derivative liabilities: Trading purpose 26,579 206,024 120,536 353,139 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss: Derivatives-combined securities sold - 23,456 4,675,541 4,698,997 Securities sold 67,581 120 - 67,701 67,581 23,576 4,675,541 4,766,698		₩	5,518,520			
Derivative liabilities: Z6,579 Z06,024 120,536 353,139 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss: Derivatives-combined securities sold - 23,456 4,675,541 4,698,997 Securities sold 67,581 120 - 67,701 67,581 23,576 4,675,541 4,766,698	Trading financial liabilities:	=				
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss: Derivatives-combined		₩	246,156	-	-	246,156
securities sold - 23,456 4,675,541 4,698,997 Securities sold 67,581 120 - 67,701 67,581 23,576 4,675,541 4,766,698	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss:		26,579	206,024	120,536	353,139
67,581 23,576 4,675,541 4,766,698			-	23,456	4,675,541	4,698,997
	Securities sold		67,581	120	-	67,701
₩ 340,316 229,600 4,796,077 5,365,993		_	67,581	23,576	4,675,541	4,766,698
		₩	340,316	229,600	4,796,077	5,365,993

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

- (f) Measurement of fair value, Continued
 - (ii) Financial instruments measured at fair value, Continued

Changes in level 3 of the fair value hierarchy for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

					Decemb	ber 31, 2013		
	_	a desig	nancial ssets gnated at	A - 'I-	dala fa a	Financial liabilities designated at		
		rrauling	value		able-for- inancial	fair value through profit		
			ough t or loss			or loss	Derivative	Total
	-	assets profit	01 1055	as	sets	01 1055	Denvalive	IOtal
Beginning balance Total income	₩	-	540,586		159,438	(4,675,541)	43,187	(3,932,330)
Profit or loss		-	17,983		(3,647)	(177,478)	54,267	(108,875)
Other								
comprehensive income		-	-		(9,076)	-	-	(9,076)
Purchases and issuances		1,497	491,868		32,351	(4,405,537)	15,808	(3,864,013)
Sales and settlements		-	(427,560)		(3,137)	4,729,465	(307,883)	3,990,885
Ending balance	₩	1,497	622,877		175,929	(4,529,091)	(194,621)	(3,923,409)
	_	Financial assets designated at fair value through	Available	ncial	Financi desig fair valu	h 31, 2013 al liabilities gnated at e through		
	_	profit or loss	asset	<u>S</u>	profit	or loss	Derivative	Total
Beginning balance Total income	₩	316,423	16	67,717		(3,708,108)	(104,739)	(3,328,707)
Profit or loss		18,461		(552)		(287,549)	178,909	(90,731)
Other comprehensive income		-	(12	2,302)		-	-	(12,302)
Purchases and issuances		657,125		4,508		(4,542,407)	(74,199)	(3,954,973)
Sales and settlements		(451,423)	(*	1,929)		3,862,523	43,216	3,452,387
Transferred to Level 3		-		1,996		-	-	1,996
Ending balance	₩	540,586	15	9,438		(4,675,541)	43,187	(3,932,330)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(f) Measurement of fair value, Continued

Day 1 profit or loss for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Beginning balance	₩	(13,651)	(3,522)
New transactions		(24,954)	(12,285)
Amounts recognized in profit or loss during the period		9,158	2,156
Ending balance	₩	(29,447)	(13,651)

Information about valuation technique and inputs used at December 31, 2013 in the fair value measurement of financial instruments classified as level 2 was as follows:

Type of financial instrument	Valuation technique		Book value	Inputs
Assets			_	
Trading assets	DCF(*)	₩	6,466,946	Discount rate
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	DCF(*)		2,247,606	Discount rate Price of underlying assets
Derivative assets	DCF(*)		74,086	Discount rate Price of underlying assets
Available-for-sale financial assets	DCF(*)		1,429,218	Discount rate
		₩	10,217,856	
Liabilities		=		
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	DCF(*)	₩	1,379,367	Discount rate Price of underlying assets
Derivative liabilities	DCF(*)		105,477	Discount rate Price of underlying assets
		₩	1,484,844	, -

(*) DCF: Discounted cash flow

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(f) Measurement of fair value, Continued

Information about valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs used at December 31, 2013 in the fair value measurement of financial instruments classified as level 3 was as follows:

Type of financial instrument	Valuation technique		Book value	significant unobservable inputs	Range
Assets					
Trading assets	Option model(*)	₩	1,497	Discount rate Growth rate	
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	Option model(*)		622,877	The volatility of the underlying asset Correlations	Discount rate: 4.81% ~ 17.95% Growth rate: 0% ~ 1% The volatility of the underlying asset: 0.016 ~ 0.488
Derivative assets	Option model(*)		146,246	The volatility of the underlying asset Correlations	Correlations : (-)0.033~0.947
Available-for-sale financial assets	DCF		175,929	Discount rate Growth rate	
		₩	946,549		
Liabilities Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	Option model(*)	₩	4,529,091	The volatility of the underlying asset Correlations	The volatility of the underlying asset : 0.016 ~ 1.059 Correlations : (-)0.049~0.859
Derivative liabilities	Option model(*)	₩	340,867	The volatility of the underlying asset Correlations	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

^(*) Option model that the Group uses in derivative valuation includes Black-Scholes model, Hull-White model, Monte Carlo simulation, etc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(f) Measurement of fair value, Continued

Although the Group believes that its estimates of fair value are appropriate, the use of different methodologies or assumptions could lead to different measurements of fair value.

For level 3 fair value measurement, changing one or more of the unobservable inputs used to reasonably possible alternative assumptions would have the following effect on profit or loss, or other comprehensive income:

		December 31, 2013		
		Favorable	Unfavorable	
	_	changes	changes	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (*1)				
Financial assets designated at FVTPL	₩	5,170	(4,385)	
Derivative assets		12,244	(20,364)	
Available-for-sale financial assets(*2)		13,557	(13,515)	
	_	30,971	(38,264)	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (*1)				
Financial liabilities designated at FVTPL		45,080	(48,732)	
Derivative liabilities		36,784	(38,316)	
	₩	81,864	(87, 048)	

^(*1) Fair value changes are calculated by increasing or decreasing the volatility of the underlying asset ($10\sim10\%$) or correlations ($-10\sim10\%$).

^(*2) Fair value changes are calculated by increasing or decreasing discount rate ($-1 \sim 1\%$) or growth rate ($0 \sim 1\%$).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(g) Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013						
		Gross amounts of recognized	recognized financial		Related amounts not set off in the statement of financial position		Net amount	
		financial assets/ liabilities	the statement of financial position	presented in the statement of financial position	Financial instruments	Cash collateral received	ivet amount	
Assets								
Derivatives	₩	225,061	-	225,061	(135,761)	(74)	89,226	
Other financial instruments		764,448	(616,568)	147,880	(33,572)		-	
Bonds purchased under repurchase agreements		6,588,567	-	6,588,567	(6,180,725)	-	470,060	
Securities loaned		3,368	-	3,368	(3,368)	-	-	
Domestic exchange settlement debit		4,145	-	4,145	(4,145)	-	114,308	
	₩	7,585,589	(616,568)	6,969,021	(6,357,571)	(74)	611,376	
Liabilities								
Derivatives	₩	448,772	-	448,772	(169,332)	-	279,440	
Other financial instruments		810,017	(616,568)	193,449	(74)	-	193,375	
Bonds purchased under repurchase agreements		6,059,375	-	6,059,375	(6,059,375)	-	-	
Securities borrowed		858,039	-	858,039	(858,039)	-	-	
Domestic exchange settlement pending		4,185		4,185	(4,145)		40	
	₩	8,180,388	(616,568)	7,563,820	(7,090,965)		472,855	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

25. Financial risk management, Continued

(g) Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities, continued

	March 31, 2013						
	Gross amounts of recognized	Gross amounts of recognized financial liabilities set off in	Net amounts of financial assets	Related amounts not set off in the statement of financial position		- Net amount	
	financial assets/ liabilities	the statement of financial position	presented in the statement of financial position	Financial instruments	Cash collateral received	Net amount	
Assets							
Derivatives \(\psi\)	266,635	-	266,635	(147,515)	-	119,121	
Other financial instruments	1,122,183	(831,300)	290,883	(165,082)	-	125,082	
Bonds purchased under repurchase agreements	6,638,085	-	6,638,085	(6,296,759)	-	341,436	
Securities loaned	50,548	-	50,548	(50,548)	-	-	
Domestic exchange settlement debit	42,027	-	42,027	(41,971)	-	56	
₩	8,119,478	(831,300)	7,288,178	(6,701,875)		586,305	
Liabilities							
Derivatives ₩	353,139	-	353,139	(312,596)	-	40,542	
Other financial instruments	900,741	(831,300)	69,441	-	-	69,441	
Bonds purchased under repurchase agreements	6,175,409	-	6,175,409	(6,175,409)	-	-	
Securities borrowed	313,858	-	313,858	(313,858)	-	-	
Domestic exchange settlement pending	41,971	<u> </u>	41,971	(41,971)			
₩	7,785,118	(831,300)	(6,843,834)	(6,843,834)		109,983	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

26. Operating Segments

(a) Segment information

The general descriptions of the Group's operating segments are as follows:

Description	Area of business					
Retail group	Loan, deposits and its related activities for retail, institution and WM (Wealth Management) customers					
Wholesale group	Large company, small business, overseas operations and work involved					
IB group	Loan, deposits and its related activities for IB customers					
Trading group	Investing to derivative, securities and work involved					
Other	Management supporting, risk management and other supporting functions (including adjustments)					

(b) The following table provides information of operating income and net income for each operating segment for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.

		December 31, 2013					
		Retail	Wholesale	IB	Trading	Other	Total
Net fees and commission Income (loss) Net gain (loss) on financial	₩	134,841	30,289 2,527	18,548	(11,800)	(8,770)	163,108 (63,141)
instruments (*) Net interest income		36,284	892	2,102	59,381	104,174	203,283
Selling and administrative expenses		173,799	23,725	16,707	37,702	26,007	277,940
Other, net		1,747	1,465	15,181	(45,645)	39,427	12,175
Income tax expense (benefit)		(228)	2,811	4,940	(3,311)	4,991	9,203
Profit (loss) for the period	₩	(699)	8,637	15,182	(10,175)	15,337	28,282

^(*) Gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss & gain on available-for-sale financial assets

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

26. Operating Segments, Continued

		March 31, 2013						
		Retail	Wholesale	IB	Trading	Other	Total	
Net fees and commission Income (loss)	₩	176,255	36,119	27,990	(4,413)	(15,698)	220,253	
Net gain (loss) on financial instruments (*)		-	1,202	252	20,275	(40,047)	(18,318)	
Net interest income		48,584	3,409	1,707	113,596	91,231	258,527	
Selling and administrative expenses		236,634	32,879	21,672	44,597	17,034	352,816	
Other		364	1,659	6,388	(22,176)	13,178	(47)	
Income tax expense (benefit)		(2,159)	1,797	2,770	11,842	6,077	20,327	
Profit (loss) for the period	₩	(9,272)	7,713	11,895	50,843	26,093	82,272	

^(*) Gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss & gain on available-for-sale financial assets

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

26. Operating Segments, Continued

(c) The following table provides information of the main assets for each operating segment as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.

				Decembe	r 31, 2013		
		Retail	Wholesale	IB	Trading	Other	Total
Cash and due from banks Financial assets at fair	₩	6,385	-	-	10,786	1,940,614	1,957,785
value through profit or loss		5,452	59,822	84,474	10,899,612	1,666,414	12,715,774
Available-for-sale financial assets		4,506	-	696,618	562,446	394,885	1,658,455
Investments in associates		-	-	24,595	14,810	-	39,405
Loans		751,942		489,832	114,752	18,521	1,375,047
Total	₩	768,285	59,822	1,295,519	11,602,406	4,020,434	17,746,466
				March 3	31, 2013		
		Retail	Wholesale	IB	Trading	Other	Total
Cash and due from banks Financial assets at fair	₩	6,227	2,986	3,520	11,256	1,715,145	1,739,134
value through profit or loss		13,779	90,768	100,565	9,805,080	1,684,966	11,695,158
Available-for-sale financial assets		9,119	-	775,594	335,431	218,671	1,338,815
Investments in associates		-	-	827	31,269	-	32,096
Loans		736,680		697,527	114,751	21,279	1,570,237
Total	₩	765,805	93,754	1,578,033	10,297,787	3,640,061	16,375,440

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

27. Income tax expense

(a) The components of income tax expense of the Group for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Current income tax expense	₩	19,081	33,367
Additional payment (refund) of income tax		44	(3,876)
Changes in deferred tax arising from temporary differences		(10,071)	(10,052)
Deferred income tax adjustment charged or credited directly to equity		149	888
Income tax expense	₩	9,203	20,327

(b) The income tax expense calculated by applying statutory tax rates to the Group's taxable income differs from the actual tax expense in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 for the following reasons:

	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Income before income taxes	V 37,485	107,599
Tax rates	24.20%	24.20%
Income taxes at statutory tax rates	9,071	26,039
Adjustments:		
Non-taxable income	(109)	(201)
Non-deductible expense	1,107	1,619
Consolidated tax return	(801)	(3,257)
Income tax refunds	44	(3,876)
Others	(109)	3
Income tax expense	₩ 9,203	20,327
Effective tax rate (%)	24.55%	18.89%

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

27. Income tax expense, Continued

(c) Changes in deferred tax assets (liabilities) for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013					
		Accumulated					
				other			
				comprehensive			
				income			
		Beginning		(capital	Ending		
	_	balance	Net income	adjustments)	balance		
Stocks at fair value							
through profit or loss	₩	(1,248)	(1,443)	-	(2,691)		
Bonds at fair value through profit or loss		(11,879)	25,451	-	13,572		
Derivatives-combined securities		348	(20)	-	328		
Derivatives-combined securities sold		11,558	(40,765)	-	(29,207)		
Exchange traded derivatives		1,167	(670)	-	497		
Over the counter derivatives		(3,587)	32,318	_	28,740		
Other financial assets at fair		(652)	176	-	(476)		
value through profit or loss Other financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		469	(644)	-	(175)		
Available-for-sale financial assets		174	(17,909)	3,342	(14,393)		
Investments in associates		3,153	6,815	(3,270)	6,698		
Allowance for credit loss		(2,274)	-	(0,270)	(2,274)		
Property and equipment and		(33,989)	510	-	(33,479)		
investment properties Intangible assets		(3,174)	(680)		(3,854)		
Accrued income		(13,344)	(449)	_	(13,793)		
Account payable and		3,786	305	- 77	4,168		
accrued expenses Provisions		8,281	(7,251)		1,030		
Borrowings		2,117	(7,251)	-	2,117		
Day 1 profit or loss		3,974	- 18,701	-	2,117 22,675		
Amortization of up-front fee		3,974 1,604	326	-	22,675 1,930		
Net gain(loss) on foreign				-			
exchange translations		(321)	(986)	-	(1,307)		
Others		(95)	(3,863)	-	(3,958)		
	₩	(33,923)	9,922	149	(23,852)		
	=						

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

27. Income tax expense, Continued

	March 31, 2013						
			Accumulated other				
		comprehensive					
			income				
	Beginning		(capital	Ending			
	balance	Net income	adjustments)	balance			
Stocks at fair value through profit or loss	₩ (2)	(1,246)	-	(1,248)			
Bonds at fair value through profit or loss	(4,195)	(7,684)	-	(11,879)			
Derivatives-combined securities	(491)	839	-	348			
Derivatives-combined securities sold	(2,421)	13,979	-	11,558			
Exchange traded derivatives	180	987	-	1,167			
Over the counter derivatives	11,842	(15,420)	-	(3,578)			
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(316)	(336)	-	(652)			
Other financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	464	5	-	469			
Available-for-sale financial assets	(4,353)	3,776	751	174			
Investments in associates	1,170	1,818	165	3,153			
Allowance for credit loss	(4,791)	2,517	-	(2,274)			
Property and equipment and investment properties	(40,643)	6,654	-	(33,989)			
Intangible assets	(2,200)	(974)	-	(3,174)			
Accrued income	(12,071)	(1,273)	-	(13,344)			
Account payable and accrued expenses	2,974	840	(28)	3,786			
Provisions	6,057	2,224	-	8,281			
Borrowings	2,117	-	-	2,117			
Day 1 profit or loss	852	3,122	-	3,974			
Amortization of up-front fee	1,169	435	-	1,604			
Net gain(loss) on foreign exchange translations	(326)	5	-	(321)			
Others	1,009	(1,104)		(95)			
	₩ (43,975)	9,164	888	(33,923)			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

27. Income tax expense, Continued

(d) The deferred tax assets and liabilities that were directly charged or credited to equity for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013					
		Current period	Deferred tax liability	Prior period	Deferred tax liability	Change in deferred tax	
Gain on valuation	_	penou	liability	penou	liability	deferred tax	
of available-for-sale financial assets	₩	124,658	(30,168)	138,469	(33,509)	3,341	
Foreign currency translation differences		14,881	(3,766)	(189)	(60)	(3,706)	
Share of the other comprehensive loss of associates		(2,867)	694	(1,062)	257	437	
Stock option (Capital adjustments)		(74)	17	243	(59)	76	
•	₩	136,598	(33,223)	137,461	(33,372)	149	

		March 31, 2013					
		Current period	Deferred tax liability	Prior period	Deferred tax liability	Change in deferred tax	
Gain on valuation							
of available-for-sale financial assets	₩	138,469	(33,509)	141,572	(34,260)	751	
Foreign currency translation differences		(189)	(60)	144	(106)	46	
Share of the							
other comprehensive		(1,062)	257	(570)	138	119	
loss of associates							
Stock option		243	(59)	129	(31)	(28)	
(Capital adjustments)		240	(55)		(51)	(20)	
	₩	137,461	(33,372)	141,275	(34,259)	888	

⁽e) The deductible temporary differences which were not recognized as deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	December 31, 2013		March 31, 2013	
Investments in subsidiaries	₩	3,443	3,320	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

27. Income tax expense, Continued

- (f) There are no taxable temporary differences which were not recognized as deferred tax liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.
- (g) The current tax assets (liabilities) and deferred tax assets (liabilities) presented on a gross basis prior to any offsetting as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Deferred tax assets	₩	215,688	191,231
Deferred tax liabilities		(239,540)	(225, 154)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

28. Derivatives

(a) Details of the notional amounts of derivatives as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_De	ecember 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Interest rates			
Over the counter:			
Interest rate swaps	₩	20,828,698	16,152,178
Interest rate options		15,000	-
		20,843,698	16,152,178
Exchange traded:			
Interest rate futures		758,633	2,310,793
Foreign exchange			
Over the counter:			
Currency forwards		490,777	349,168
Currency swaps		94,120	76,989
Currency options		193,787	47,479
		778,684	473,636
Exchange traded:			
Currency futures		1,343	20,657
Equity			
Over the counter:			
Equity swap		3,040,561	2,664,025
Equity options		1,316,544	1,146,653
		4,375,105	3,810,678
Exchange traded:			
Equity futures		189,408	73,943
Equity options		1,031,691	6,931,071
	_	1,221,099	7,005,014
Credit Over the counter:			
Credit swap		127,039	165,789
TRS Swap		102,703	50,278
me ewap		229,742	216,067
Commodity			
Over the counter:			
Commodity forwards		185,349	357,503
Commodity swaps		598,699	608,171
Commodity options		61,590	48,094
		845,638	1,013,768
Exchange traded:		,	
Commodity futures		185,346	357,503
	₩	29,221,288	31,360,294

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

28. Derivatives, Continued

(b) Details of the gain(loss) on valuation of derivatives for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	-	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Interest rates			
Over the counter:			
Interest rate swaps	₩	(30,998)	(12,235)
Interest rate options	_	(214)	=
	-	(31,212)	(12,235)
Exchange traded:			
Interest rate futures	-	(205)	(2,215)
Foreign exchange			
Over the counter:			
Currency forwards		6,147	1,449
Currency swaps		(249)	(664)
Currency options		4,378	(384)
, ,	-	10,276	401
Exchange traded:	·		
Currency futures	-	8	26
Equity			
Over the counter:			
Equity swap		72,943	86,729
Equity options		(204)	(5,370)
		72,739	81,359
Exchange traded:			
Equity futures		(1,190)	(365)
Equity options	-	380	(561)
	-	(810)	(926)
Credit			
Over the counter:		4.070	000
Credit swap		1,378	808
TRS Swap	-	(2,919)	(2,743)
	-	(1,541)	(1,935)
Commodity			
Over the counter:			
Commodity forwards		1,132	1,723
Commodity swaps		(66,424)	9,157
Commodity options	-	423	(1,549)
	-	(64,869)	9,331
Exchange traded: Commodity futures		(1,047)	(1,561)
Commodity rutures	₩ -	(16,661)	72,245
	₩ =	(10,001)	72,245

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

29. Pledged Assets

Assets pledged as collateral as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013							
					Pledged	for			
		ELS/DLS			Securities				
		sold	Borrowing	Derivative	borrowed	RP	Lease	Other	Total
Due from banks Trading financial assets Financial assets	₩	50,000 10,487	67,000 -	60,368	- 793,764	- 5,837,068	-	5,915 -	122,915 6,701,687
designated at fair value through profit or loss		115,833	-	-	302,162	67,207	-	-	485,202
Available-for-sale financial assets		-	-	79,263	619,660	441,592	-	-	1,140,515
Loans				-	-	121,350	-	-	121,350
Property							99,948		99,948
	₩	176,320	67,000	139,631	1,715,586	6,467,217	99,948	5,915	8,671,617
		March 31, 2013							
					Pledged	for			
		ELS/DLS			Securities				
		sold	Borrowing	Derivative	borrowed	RP	Lease	Other	Total
Due from banks	₩	50,000	67,000	-	-	-	-	6,098	123,098
Trading financial assets		10,027	-	119,227	226,236	6,058,774	-	-	6,414,264
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss		101,506	-	63,344	112,463	-	-	-	277,313
Available-for-sale financial assets		20,090	-	150,917	253,795	457,961	-	-	882,763
Loans		-	17,432	-	-	-	-	-	17,432
Property							100,134		100,134
	₩	181,623	84,432	333,488	592,494	6,516,735	100,134	6,098	7,815,004

The carrying amounts of asset pledged that the pledges have the right to repledge regardless of the Group's default as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were \pm 6,467,217 million and \pm 6,516,735 million, respectively.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won, except per share data)

30. Share-based payments

(a) Share-based payments granted.

Details of stock options granted as of December 31, 2013 were as follows:

	6th grant	7th grant
Typo	Cash-settled share-based	Cash-settled share-based
Туре	payment	payment
Grant date	2007. 3.20	2008.3.19
Exercise price(in won)	₩ 54,560	₩ 49,053
Number of shares granted	166,298	79,544
	Within four years	Within four years
Vesting period	after three years	after three years
	from grant date	from grant date
Changes in number of shares granted:		
Outstanding at April 1, 2013	117,569	56,979
Exercised and etc.	-	-
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	117,569	56,979
Exercisable at December 31, 2013	117,569	56,979
Assumptions used to determine the fair value of options:		
Risk-free interest rate	2.64%	2.64%
Expected exercise period	Feb. 8, 2014	Aug. 9, 2014
Expected stock price volatility	16.91%	19.76%
Expected dividend yield	1.80%	1.80%
Weighted average fair value per share (in won)	₩5	₩2,228

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won, except per share data)

30. Share-based payments, Continued

(b) Details of performance shares granted as of December 31, 2013 were as follows:

Equity-settled share-based payment

2010~2012 Increase rate of stock price(33.4%) and achievement of target ROE(66.6%)

Grant in 2010

32,550

Type Service period Performance conditions

Number of shares estimated at December 31, 2013

The amount of cash payment for the Company's equity-settled share-based payment arrangements with performance conditions is determined based on the share price which is an arithmetic mean of weighted average share prices for the past two-months, past one-month and past one-week from the date at four years from the beginning of the fiscal year which includes the grant date. The fair value of cash payment is estimated using the closing share price at the end of reporting period.

(c) Stock compensations costs (benefits) calculated as of and for the periods ended December 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013				
	-	Performance				
		Stock options	shares	Total		
Compensation costs recorded for the period	₩	70	865	935		
Accrued expenses (benefits) related to compensation cost		127	2,484	2,611		

(d) Book value of liabilities and intrinsic value of liabilities regarding share-based payment As of December 31, 2013 were as follows:

	_	December 31, 2013		
		Accrued expenses	Intrinsic value	
Stock options	₩	127	-	
Performance shares		2,484	2,484	
Total	₩	2,611	2,484	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

31. Commitments and contingencies

(a) As of December 31, 2013, the Group has faced with pending lawsuits were as follows:

December 31, 2013

Lawsuits	Plaintiff	Details	Amount	
Compensation for loss	Gowell Securitization Specialty Co., Ltd.	A claim for compensation on NPL consultation	A / 2,	936
Return of unjust enrichment	TreeStar Co., Ltd.	A claim for return of unjust enrichment		750
Compensation for loss	An individual	A claim for compensation on incomplete sales of CP		318
Compensation for loss	An individual	A claim for compensation on violation of explanation about financial instruments		279
Compensation for loss	An individual	A claim for compensation on violation of customer protection		200
Compensation for loss	An individual	A claim for compensation on computer problem		21
		↓	N 4,	,504

As of December 31, 2013, the Group set aside no provision for litigation for the lawsuits such as ruled in favor of the plaintiff at the first appeal. Additional losses may be incurred from these legal actions besides the current provision established by the Group, but the amount of loss is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial position or results of operations.

(b) Commercial paper purchase commitments

				Date of	Date of
Company	Underlying asset	_	Amount	agreements	maturity
VALUE PLUS the 7th Co., Ltd.	Account receivables		30,000	March 29,	March 29,
VALUE FLOS the 7th Co., Ltd.	Account receivables		30,000	2012	2015
VALUE PLUS the 10th Co., Ltd.	Account receivables		5,000	November 20,	November 15,
VALUE FLOS the Total Co., Ltd.	Account receivables		5,000	2012	2014
\/\	Account receivebles		3,000	November 20,	November 15,
VALUE PLUS the 11th Co., Ltd.	Account receivables		3,000	2012	2014
\/\	Account receivables		5,000	November 20,	November 15,
VALUE PLUS the 12th Co., Ltd.	Account receivables		5,000	2012	2014
VALUE PLUS the 15th Co., Ltd.	Moahsteel Private		15,100	March 28,	May 28,
VALUE FLUS the 15th Co., Ltd.	placement bonds		15,100	2013	2015
Canada Caal Third Ca Itd	Loono		E0 000	April 23,	June 30,
Songdo Saok Third Co., Ltd.	Loans		50,000	2013	2016
\/\	۸ باداد در نام در اداد		F0 000	July 19,	August 30,
VALUE PLUS the 18th Co., Ltd.	Account receivables		50,000	2013	2014
Sol Invictus LTD.	Loono		25,700	September 27,	April 18,
501 Invictus LTD.	Loans		25,700	2013	2014
		₩	183,800		
		=	100,000		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

31. Commitments and contingencies, Continued

(c) Obligation to conserve its loss by priority on PEF

As a General partner of Shinhan Maritime Private Equity Fund I, the Group is under an obligation to conserve its loss by priority as much as the amount of money invested by the Company, whose limit is up to 3% of the total amount of the money invested by each party. In addition, as one of the co-general partner of KoFC Shinhan Frontier Champ 2010-4 Private Equity Fund, the Group is obliged to conserve its loss by priority, whose limit is 3% of the its investment to the PEF. Therefore, the amount of the investment collected as a result of liquidation of the PEF is subject to change. Any adjustments which may be caused by the possibility of the change are not booked, because the amount of the obligations cannot be measured reliably.

(d) Onerous contract

As of December 31, 2013, the Group entered into a guarantee contract with Franklin Templeton Investment Trust Management Co., Ltd. to provide for contingent losses that may result from beneficiary certificates, including guaranteed bonds issued by financially distressed companies, such as the Daewoo Group. The Group's time deposit of \text{\$\psi 915}\$ million was pledged as collateral to Franklin Templeton Investment Trust Management Co., Ltd. for the potential losses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

32. The transaction as a transfer of financial instruments

- (a) Transfers that do not qualify for derecognition
 - (i) Bonds sold under repurchase agreements as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Transferred assets			
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	₩	5,904,275	6,058,774
Available-for-sale financial assets		441,592	457,961
Loans	_	121,350	
		6,467,217	6,516,735
Associated liabilities	•		
Bonds sold under repurchase agreements	₩	6,059,375	6,175,409

(ii) Securities loaned as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013	Rental Company
Government bonds	₩	-	50,548	Korea Securities Finance
Commercial bonds		3,368		Miraeasset Finance
	₩	3,368	50,548	

(b) Qualified for derecognition and continuing involvement in financial assets

There are no financial assets that meet the conditions of the derecognition and in which the Group has continuing involvement as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won, except per share data)

33. Equity

(a) Details of equity as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were summarized as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Stockholder's equity Common Preferred	₩	1,277,882 19,116	1,277,882 19,116
110101100		1,296,998	1,296,998
Capital surplus Gain from reduction of capital		15	15
Capital adjustments Stock options		(56)	184
Accumulated other comprehensive income Valuation of available-for-sale financial assets Change of investments in a associate Accumulated foreign exchange differences		94,490 (2,173) 11,115 103,432	104,959 (805) (249) 103,905
Retained earnings Legal reserve Voluntary reserve (*) Retained earning before appropriation		9,500 155,390 670,428 835,318	8,500 171,113 637,423 817,036
	₩	2,235,707	2,218,138

^(*) It is consist of revaluation reserve.

(b) Stockholder's equity as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were summarized as follows:

	Common	Preferred
Authorized capital	450,000,000	150,000,000
Par value per stock (in won)	5,000	5,000
Capital stock	255,576,350	3,823,314
Stockholder's equity	1,277,882	19,116

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

33. Equity, Continued

(c) Change in accumulated other comprehensive income for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013				
	_	Valuation of	Change of	Accumulated		
		available-for-sale	investments in a	foreign exchange		
	_	financial assets	associate	differences	Total	
Opening balance	₩	104,960	(805)	(250)	103,905	
Change in fair value of available- for-sale financial assets		(12,341)	-	-	(12,341)	
Change in impairment		97	-	-	97	
Change in disposal		(1,567)	-	-	(1,567)	
Effect of change in equity of			(4.005)		(4.005)	
investee		-	(1,805)	-	(1,805)	
Effect of exchange rate difference		-	-	15,071	15,071	
Deferred tax effect		3,341	437	(3,706)	72	
Ending balance	₩	94,490	(2,173)	11,115	103,432	
	_					
	_			31, 2013		
		Valuation of	Change of	Accumulated		
		available-for-sale	investments in a	foreign exchange		
	-	financial assets	associate	differences	Total	
Opening balance	₩	107,312	(432)	37	106,917	
Change in fair value of available- for-sale financial assets		(2,981)	-	-	(2,981)	
Change in impairment		(59)	-	-	(59)	
Change in disposal		(63)	-	-	(63)	
Effect of change in equity of investee		-	(492)	-	(492)	
11100100						
Effect of exchange rate difference		-	-	(333)	(333)	
		- 751	- 119	(333) 46	(333) 916	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won, except per share data)

33. Equity, Continued

(d) Statements of appropriation of retained earnings.

Statements of appropriation of retained earnings for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	D	ecember 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Unappropriated retained earnings			
Balance at beginning of the period	₩	644,461	551,747
Net income for the period		29,329	87,991
		673,790	639,738
Transfer from voluntary reserves			
Voluntary reserve			15,723
Appropriation of retained earnings			
Legal reserve		1,000	1,000
Asset revaluation surplus		4,671	-
Dividends		10,000	10,000
Cash dividends on common stock		9,664	9,664
Cash dividends on preferred stock		336	336
		15,671	11,000
Unappropriated retained earnings carried			
over to subsequent period	₩	658,119	644,461

These statements of appropriation of retained earnings were based on the separate financial statements of the Company.

34. Dividends

Dividends of common stock for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	December	31, 2013	March 31, 2013	
	Common stock	Preferred stock	Common stock	Preferred stock
Number of issued shares outstanding	255,576,350	3,823,314	255,576,350	3,823,314
Par value per share (in won) W	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Dividends per share (in won)	38	88	38	88
Dividends	9,664	336	9,664	336
Dividend rate per share	0.80%	1.80%	0.80%	1.80%

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

35. Leases

(a) Operating leases

		December 31, 2013
		Minimum lease payment
Not later than 1 year	₩	4,835
1 ~ 5 years		5,363
Later than 5 years		-
	₩	10,198

(b) Future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease of the Group as lessee as of December 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013
		Minimum lease payment
Not later than 1 year	₩	6,765
1 ~ 5 years		4,484
Later than 5 years		-
	₩	11,249

36. Cash flows

Details of significant non-cash activities for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2103 were as follows:

	December 31, 2013		March 31, 2013	
Investment properties transferred from property and equipment	₩	1,769	(10,468)	
Valuation gain on available-for-sale financial assets		(13,794)	(3,103)	
Tax effect on valuation gain on available-for-sale financial assets		3,338	751	
Change of investments in associate		(1,805)	(492)	
Tax effect on change of investments in associate		437	119	
Foreign currency translation differences		15,071	(333)	
Tax effect on foreign currency translation differences		(3,707)	46	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

37. Related party transactions

(a) Significant account balances with related companies as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

Shinhan Bank Bank deposits 56,091 105 Accured income 58	Related party	Accounts		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Shinhan Bank Bank deposits 56,091 105 Accured income 58	Assets:				
Accured income 58 1	Shinhan Financial Group Co.Ltd	Other assets(*1)	₩	19,505	8,130
Derivatives assets 3,609 Other assets 34,484 33 33 34,484 33 34,484 33 34,484 34 35 34,484 36 36,000 36,	Shinhan Bank	Bank deposits		56,091	105,717
December 31, Dec		Accured income		58	1,843
Section Sect		Derivatives assets		3,609	819
KoFC Shinhan Frontier Accured income Accured income 119 104 104 104 104 106 106 106 106 106 106 106 106 106 106		Other assets(*1)		34,484	33,771
Name	Jeju Bank	Bank deposits		10,073	25,080
March 3 December 31, 2013 March 3 2013					608
Related party Accounts December 31, 2013 March 3 2013 Liabilities: Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd. Borrowings ₩ 200,000 200 Accured expenses 746	KoFC Shinhan Frontier	Accured income			177
Related party Accounts 2013 2013 Liabilities: Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd. Borrowings W 200,000 200 Accured expenses 746			₩_	124,043	176,145
Liabilities: Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd. Borrowings Accured expenses Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Bank Borrowings Accured expenses 73 Derivatives liabilities 2,017 Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Card Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Capital Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Data System Borrowings Accured expenses Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Saving Bank					March 31,
Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd. Borrowings W 200,000 200 Accured expenses 746 Other liabilities(*2) 2,612 Shinhan Bank Borrowings 9,808 1 Accured expenses 73 Derivatives liabilities 2,017 Other liabilities(*2) 18,705 2 Shinhan Card Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 2,440 Shinhan Capital Other liabilities(*2) 1,253 Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 13,558 Shinhan Data System Borrowings 6,965 Accured expenses 449 Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings 1,719 Other liabilities(*2) 2 Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 1,119 Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) 632 11		Accounts		2013	2013
Accured expenses 746 Other liabilities(*2) 2,612 Shinhan Bank Borrowings 9,808 1 Accured expenses 73 Derivatives liabilities 2,017 Other liabilities(*2) 18,705 2 Shinhan Card Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 2,440 Shinhan Capital Other liabilities(*2) 1,253 Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 13,558 Shinhan Data System Borrowings 6,965 Accured expenses 449 Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings 1,719 Other liabilities(*2) 2 Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 1,119 Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) 632 1		ъ :			
Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Bank Borrowings Accured expenses 73 Derivatives liabilities 2,017 Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Card Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Capital Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Data System Borrowings Accured expenses Accured expenses 449 Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2)	Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd.	•	₩	•	200,000
Shinhan Bank Borrowings Accured expenses 73 Derivatives liabilities 2,017 Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Card Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Capital Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Data System Borrowings Accured expenses 449 Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2)		·			738
Accured expenses 73 Derivatives liabilities 2,017 Other liabilities(*2) 18,705 2 Shinhan Card Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 2,440 Shinhan Capital Other liabilities(*2) 1,253 Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 13,558 Shinhan Data System Borrowings 6,965 Accured expenses 449 Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings 1,719 Other liabilities(*2) 2 Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 1,119 Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) 632 1				•	3,751
Derivatives liabilities 2,017 Other liabilities(*2) 18,705 2 Shinhan Card Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 2,440 Shinhan Capital Other liabilities(*2) 1,253 Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 13,558 Shinhan Data System Borrowings 6,965 Accured expenses 449 Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings 1,719 Other liabilities(*2) 2 Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 1,119 Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) 632 1	Shinhan Bank	-		·	10,801
Other liabilities(*2) 18,705 2 Shinhan Card Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 2,440 Shinhan Capital Other liabilities(*2) 1,253 Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 13,558 Shinhan Data System Borrowings 6,965 Accured expenses 449 Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings 1,719 Other liabilities(*2) 2 Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 1,119 Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) 632 1		•			77
Shinhan Card Co., Ltd. Shinhan Capital Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Shinhan Data System Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2)			S	,	1,083
Shinhan Capital Other liabilities(*2) 1,253 Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) 13,558 Shinhan Data System Borrowings 6,965 Accured expenses 449 Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings 1,719 Other liabilities(*2) 2 Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) 632 1				18,705	22,489
Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan Data System Borrowings Accured expenses 449 Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings 1,719 Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) 632 1		Other liabilities(*2)		•	2,680
Shinhan Data System Borrowings Accured expenses 449 Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings 1,719 Other liabilities(*2) 2 Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) 632 1	•	Other liabilities(*2)		1,253	28
Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Shinhan Saving Bank Accured expenses 449 Other liabilities(*2) 2 Other liabilities(*2) Other liabilities(*2) Other liabilities(*2) 1,119		Other liabilities(*2)		13,558	1,104
Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd Borrowings Other liabilities(*2) Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) Other liabilities(*2) Other liabilities(*2) Other liabilities(*2)	Shinhan Data System	Borrowings		6,965	7,835
Other liabilities(*2) 2 Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) 1,119 Other liabilities(*2) 632 1		Accured expenses		449	345
Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd. Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) Other liabilities(*2) Other liabilities(*2) 1,119	Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd	Borrowings		1,719	1,688
Management Co., Ltd. Shinhan Saving Bank Other liabilities(*2) Other liabilities(*2) 1,119 632 1		Other liabilities(*2)		2	2
		Other liabilities(*2)		1,119	1,119
	Shinhan Saving Bank	Other liabilities(*2)		632	12,066
₩ <u>262,098</u> <u>26</u>			₩	262,098	265,806

^(*1) Includes deposits for guarantees and others.

^(*2) Includes deposits for rent and others.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

37. Related party transactions, Continued

(b) Significant transactions with related parties for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

Related party	Accounts	Dec	ember 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Revenue:				
Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd.	Commission	₩	783	947
Shinhan Bank	Interest		1,670	8,746
	Rent		546	894
	Derivatives		6,757	1,219
	Commission		62	161
Shinhan Card Co., Ltd.	Interest		-	20
	Rent		74	382
	Commission		80	141
Shinhan Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Rent		11	15
	Commission		155	280
Shinhan BNP Paribas Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Rent		1,370	1,652
	Commission		8	16
Shinhan Capital	Commission		12	96
Jeju Bank	Interest		445	2,216
Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd.	Rent		3	-
	Commission		-	3
Kofc Shinhan Frontier	Commission		(62)	516
SHBNPP Growth Security Feeder Investment Trust 1	Commission		4	-
SHBNPP Private Real Estate 13	Commission		3	
		₩	11,921	17,304

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

37. Related party transactions, Continued

(b) Significant transactions with related parties for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

Related party	Accounts	De	cember 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Expense:			_	
Shinhan Financial Group Co., Ltd.	Interest	₩	5,971	7,055
	Commission		6,235	9,315
Shinhan Bank	Interest		912	1,444
	Rent		912	1,106
	Borrowings		10	12
	Derivatives		4,937	1,974
	Commission		2,015	3,187
Shinhan Card Co., Ltd.	Interest		26	806
	Rent		48	-
	Borrowings		-	50
	Commission		152	79
Shinhan Life Insurance	Interest		5	7
	Rent		8	8
	Commission		213	107
Shinhan BNP Paribas	Interest		22	34
	Commission		-	622
Shinhan Capital	Debt securities		-	1
Jeju Bank	Interest		-	1
	Commission		11	3
Shinhan Credit Information Co., Ltd.	Commission		2	29
	Rent		-	4
Shinhan Data System	Interest		188	45
	Commission		2,907	4,707
Shinhan Private Equity Inc.	Interest		-	58
	Commission		10	-
SHC Management	Interest		-	1
Shinhan Aitas Co., Ltd.	Interest		44	80
	Commission		8	11
Shinhan Saving Bank	Interest		-	92
	Commission		18	76
		₩	24,654	30,914

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

37. Related party transactions, Continued

(c) Key management personnel compensation for the periods ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

		December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Salaries and wages	₩	4,642	6,322
Share-based payments		1,733	(1,346)
	₩	6,375	4,976

38. Regulatory reserve for loan loss

In accordance with Regulations for Investment 3-8, if the amount of allowance for credit losses by K-IFRS is smaller than that by Regulations for Investment 3-8, the Group reserves the difference between the allowance for credit losses by K-IFRS and Regulations and discloses the reserve.

(a) Regulatory reserve for loan losses as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 were as follows:

	De	ecember 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Regulatory reserve for loan loss Accumulated	₩	-	-
To be scheduled		5,506	
	₩	5,506	-

(b) Provision for regulatory reserve for loan loss and income adjusted for regulatory reserve.

	_	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Income for the period	₩	28,282	87,272
Provision for regulatory reserve for loan loss	_	(5,506)	
	₩	22,776	87,272

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

39. Interests in unconsolidated structured entities

(a) The nature and extent of interests in unconsolidated structured entities

The natures, purposes and activities of the unconsolidated structured entities which the Group had interest in as of December 31, 2013, and how these structured entities are financed were summarized as follows:

	Description
Assets-backed securitization	Securitization vehicles are established to buy the assets from the originators and issue the asset-backed securities in order to facilitate the originators' funding activities and enhance their financial soundness. The Group is involved in the securitization vehicles by purchasing the asset-backed securities issued, or providing credit enhancement.
Project financing	Structured entities for project financing are established to raise funds and invest in a specific project such as M&A (Mergers and Acquisitions), BTL (Build-Transfer-Lease), shipping finance, etc. The Group is involved in the structured entities by originating loans, investing in equity, or providing credit enhancement
Investment fund	Investment fund is a type of financial instrument where investment funds raise funds from the general public to invest in a group of assets such as stocks or bonds and distribute their income and capital gains to their investors. The Group is involved in investment fund by investing in various investment funds.

(b) Total assets of the unconsolidated structured entities, carrying value of equity and maximum exposure to loss related to the Group's interests in unconsolidated structured entities as of December 31, 2013 were as follows:

		Project financing	Investment fund	Total
Total assets of the unconsolidated structured	₩	646,233	707,391	1,353,624
Carrying value				
Assets				
Loans	₩	26,631	9,958	36,589
Available-for-sale financial assets			34,158	34,158
	₩	26,631	44,116	70,747
Maximum exposure to loss				
Investments	₩	26,631	44,116	70,747
Purchase commitments		183,800	<u>-</u>	183,800
	₩	210,431	44,116	254,547

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended March 31, 2013

(In millions of won)

40. Change in fiscal year

In accordance with Article 6 of 'Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act', the Group changed its fiscal year end from March 31 to December 31. In relation, the current fiscal year is nine months from April 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013.